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automobile; the merchant and manufacturer extend their business into new and profitable fields by means of motor delivery; the farmer carries his fresh produce to the best markets with none of the old-time hardship and delay—and all for a very small initial investment.

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RED DEER U.F.A.

Hear Addresses on Seed Potatoes, Poultry Marketing and Convention

The Red Deer U.F.A. had an excellent turnout at their January meeting at the city hall on Saturday, Jan. 19th, when Mr. McLeod, Calgary, discussed potato diseases, Mr. Cormie poultry marketing, and Mr. Van Slyke gave a brief rapid-fire introductory report on the Provincial convention. President H. Wallace was in the chair, with W. H. Evans as secretary.

Potato Diseases
Mr. McLeod showed that certified seed potato work had been started by the Dominion Government in Alberta in 1920. Prior to that time, Alberta potatoes as a rule, had been of poor quality and the best home market had been supplied mainly from B.C. There were twelve diseases affecting the potato, but the main troubles were the common scab, blackleg, wilt, and rhizoctonia. Mr. McLeod urged good ground, and the changing of ground; and selection of good seed. Seed potatoes should be treated in a solution of 4 oz. of corrosive sublimate in 30 gallons of water; the first lot to remain in the mixture 1½ hours, the next lot 1½ hours, and so on. If the ground was infected, they must not be disappointed if this treatment did not give them as good results as they hoped; the treatment could not be blamed for this. He favored the planting of cut seed rather than the whole potato as a rule; usually small potatoes indicated trouble of some kind. Mr. McLeod went into detail on the various diseases, how they were to be recognized, their effects, etc. The potatoes in demand appeared to be the Gem, Gold Coin, with Wee Macgregor and Irish Cobbler next. It was to have as much uniformity as possible in one district. Potato land treated with green manure had a tendency to scabby potatoes. His main work was to inspect fields of potatoes, and determine whether the yields therefrom were fit for certification. Mr. McLeod's information was well arranged, clear, and helpful.

Poultry and Egg Marketing
Mr. Cormie gave a most interesting review of his study of poultry marketing conditions in the United States, prefacing his remarks with a glimpse

of some of his own poultry marketing work at Edmonton; they had lifted five carloads of live poultry from Ontario alone in 1923. He described a trip of investigation which he undertook last year for the purpose of discussing the best methods of shipping live poultry long distances by freight. The speaker said he accompanied a car of live poultry containing from 3,000 to 4,000 birds from Falls City, Nebraska, to New York city, which market receives 2½ carloads of live poultry per week. The collection and shipping of live poultry was an intricate business, and he got some more light on why poultry bought at 14¢ and 15¢ a pound reached the consumer at 25¢ to 40¢ per pound. At Falls City their plant was just when the fast speed trucks, small collecting centers and one or two cheaply constructed warehouses being used, the freight cars being used mainly for freight. Each truck brought in 3,000 pounds of poultry and cream, as an accessory hauling product; the chickens were roughly graded. These haulers received 3¢ and 10¢ per day, but they were expert poultry men. They knew nothing of shrink in shipping. Mr. Cormie detailed the menu of the birds in transit to the market. The birds were so so as to increase their weight by as much as 1700 pounds per car; feeding orders came mainly from the consignees, who knew just when the stock would be marketed and sold. The men in charge of the poultry were experienced live stock feeders. The few were the main buyers and consumers of poultry in New York, and the fowl were cohered-killed. The market was limited to 275 cars per week, and no more would be received, so that prices were well maintained. Mr. Cormie vividly described the pullers, the unloading, the commission methods, the paying of premiums, the constant vigilance necessary to prevent thefts, etc. At Topeka, Kansas, he had visited the big plant from which dressed poultry and eggs were shipped; this was a more elaborate business.

In connection with the progress made in Alberta, the speaker said that Alberta in 1920 imported both eggs and market poultry in large quantities. Last year Alberta exported 140 carloads of eggs and 144 cars of poultry, three times as many eggs as the other provinces together. Government inspection of eggs had been started; about; the buyer knew what he was getting. He regarded the poultry as the most saleable of the farm products. There should be a system of inspection of dressed poultry for export, and perhaps for live poultry as well.

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HOCKEY SCHEDULE

Jan. 31—Wetaskiwin at Lacombe
Feb. 4—Ponoka at Wetaskiwin
Feb. 5—Red Deer at Red Deer
Feb. 7—Lacombe at Leduc
Feb. 12—Ponoka at Lacombe
Feb. 13—Wetaskiwin at Red Deer
Feb. 14—Red Deer at Wetaskiwin
Feb. 15—Leduc at Lacombe
Feb. 18—Lacombe at Ponoka
Wetaskiwin at Leduc

ROCKY MOUNT'N HOUSE M. D. OF LOCHEARN 401

There is quite a lot of snow and sleighing is good, and quite a number of farmers are coming in from all directions.

The Dominion Lumber Co. have had two cabovers built on heavy sleighs to be hauled out to the camp. They have a big camp 23 miles north of here, that is, as the crow flies, but who wants to go to a crowd these days.

The Mount View Hotel, which was taken over last July by J. E. Adams, is full up most of the time with travellers and other visitors. The dining room, which is used for banquets and meetings, is to be opened soon to the public for meals.

Raymond Adlard has taken up his residence at his barber shop on Main St.

Mr. H. O. Tiford has taken over the shoe shop from the James Bros. It is kept quite busy all the time repairing leather goods.

Seth Witton is the busiest man in town. He is putting on quite a big sale just now.

Joe Cony has had to extend his warehouse at the rear in order to cope with the big shipping trade which he is doing.

D. C. Alexandra is now living in town.

Mr. Spoor has fully recovered from the flu.

The picture show is running three nights a week and is putting on some good pictures.

The Mountaineer office is now established on the main street, and is a first class print plant owned entirely by the editor, Norman Frost, who is the second busiest man in town.

The school is full of pupils. Lots of country people are coming in town for the winter months and are taking advantage of the school. There is only one empty house in town.

The annual meeting of the Agricultural Society was held in the L. O. O. F. hall on Tuesday, January 15, with about 18 persons present. The following business was dealt with:

Financial statement of 1923 read by the secretary. Acceptance moved and seconded that Mrs. Durrford's account be paid. Unanimously voted that the account should be sent to the convention this year.

Election of officers. Wm. Symonds, president; Levi Smith, 2nd vice-president; Board of Directors: J. W. McLeod, J. McLeod, A. V. Patterson, Leslieville, J. Reilly; Rocky Mountain House, S. Wilson; Ors (Lester L. Kerfoot) Golden Heights, J. A. Gold, and Washington Heights, C. Wheatley.

As follows were passed: J. A. Card, councillors' fees \$110.00
H. McLeod, councillors' fees \$122.20
William, councillors' fees \$151.70
C. Wayman, councillors' fees \$130.90
W. Robb, councillors' fees \$149.50
An ordinary committee of the year, 1923, was elected. J. A. Card and S. Wilson, \$34.50
Hospital (N Hill) \$63.00
A. A. Hamilton \$42.00

Pay: No. 69, Division 4, \$45.00; No. 70, 71, 72, Division 1, \$99.20.

The Council again discussed the matter of the 160 acres of land owned by the municipality. The matter was referred to the committee to see if the owners every chance to redeem their land, no further action was taken in the matter.

These lands. Before anything further was done, the Reeve, if he deemed it advisable, would call a special meeting of the Council.

R. D. McCallum, Sec.-Treas.

DELBURNE

Charles Austin made a trip to Red Deer on Monday. He was accompanied by the nurse who has been attending Mrs. Austin—her services no longer being needed owing to Mrs. Austin's recovery.

A bowling contest was put on by the Women's Institute on Wednesday evening. Owing to the cold weather the attendance was not as large as expected, but those attending spent a very enjoyable evening. Prizes were awarded to Mrs. Robert Slinger and Clyde Slinger.

The daughter of Wm. Jones, Ardley is sick with pneumonia, following the flu.

The teachers of Delburne Sunday School met at the home of Miss Alice Rogers on Thursday evening.

Mrs. T. R. Lasseter has been ill for some time, but is now recovering.

R. D. Farries has accepted the position of teacher of the Springvale school, his duties to commence on January 21.

DEATH OF NIKOLAI LENIN

Moscow, Jan. 23.—Nikolai Lenin, Russia's great Bolshevik leader, died on Monday evening at his country home in the village of Gorky, 20 miles from Moscow. The public announcement of the premier's death was withheld until the all-Russian Soviet congress met yesterday morning.

In the interests of science an autopsy was performed yesterday afternoon on Lenin's body. It disclosed, according to the official bulletin, marked changes in the vessels of the brain, and the flesh ruptures of these vessels which were the direct cause of death. The autopsy was signed by four professors, four doctors and Health Commissioner Somokhov.

An official bulletin, not signed, but dated at the Kremlin, says that the all-Russian congress of Soviets "will take steps in the near future to secure the work of the government without interruption. The Soviet power standing firm guard over the conquest of the revolution."

Lenin's death, which the official announcement was entirely unexpected, occurred at a time when party differences are being aired, and when the other Soviet leader, Leon Trotsky, was for reasons of health out of state affairs temporarily.

Council meeting held in the office of the Secretary, December 20th, 1923. All the Councillors were present. Minutes of the previous meeting were read and accepted as read. Re. letter received from Crosby and Colpita, of Calgary, on the case of their client, J. F. Knorr, stating they had been instructed to offer, without prejudice, to accept the sum of \$400.00 as full recompense for putting the fence into shape and for whatever damages had been suffered. The Council accepted the offer and ordered the amount paid. The secretary was instructed to procure six copies of blue prints of the road divisions in the municipality, these for the use of the Councillors.

Mr. H. S. Card appeared before the Council to protest against the amount paid to the pound keeper, the reason being that the fences where the animal was found were down and in bad repair. A long discussion followed. The Council decided to take no action in the matter. Mr. Card's case nor that of Mr. Evans.

Mr. A. Reimul's claim for work done in 1920, and for which he had not been paid, through the omission of his name from the pay-sheet, was considered by the Council. He ordered paid, the amount being \$42.00.

Re. the above account, it being understood that the Council had ordered Mountain House pay one-half of the cost of this piece of work, the Secretary was instructed to prepare a bill for \$24.00 to the Village Council. J. Skagen's claim for work done was not allowed.

B. E. Moore was given authority from the Council to act as their agent in the matter of the collecting arrears school fees from the residents of his school district.

Appeals were received re. the Wild Land (L. O. O. F. Hall) from the N.W. 26-40-45th, and the N.W. 31-46-45th, and were allowed.

An ordinary committee for credit for work done this year on the road by his place, but the claim was not allowed. The work had been done without authority from the Council.

Application for the appointment as Division No. 2, Alhambra, F. G. Patterson; Leslieville, J. Reilly; Rocky Mountain House, S. Wilson; Ors (Lester L. Kerfoot) Golden Heights, J. A. Gold, and Washington Heights, C. Wheatley.

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ANNUAL MEETING OF ST. LUKE'S CHURCH

The annual meeting of St. Luke's church was held in the Alexandra Hall on Wednesday evening, January 24, the Rev. G. McComas, presiding.

The meeting was well attended, and was representative, and a cheerful tone prevailed throughout. A large number of reports were read, showing evidence of good work being done by the various organizations. These included the following: Women's Auxiliary, Junior W.A., Dorcas Society, Anglican Young People's Association, Choir, Parish Hall committee, and Sunday School.

Prominent among these reports was that of the Women's Auxiliary, read by the Secretary-Treasurer, Mrs. T. H. E. Jarvis, who had been given credit by the congregation by this organization, and warm expressions of gratitude were given to her and her co-workers.

Westmen. Mr. H. E. Callender read the Sunday School report, which showed a record of 124.20 with costs. The claim against the third parties dismissed with costs. E. Beveridge for plaintiff; J. S. McCormick for defendant; Payne & Graham for Martin Bros.

Endie v. Martin Bros. Action by Endie v. Martin Bros. for \$190.75 for balance of unpaid work on work and service rendered by plaintiff for defendant in sawing wood, cutting grain, etc. The defendant's statement was that plaintiff owed him \$46.65, he having paid \$239 cash, \$52 in labor, and a bill \$20 for work and wood from Louisie, and suffered damage for non-fulfilment of contract \$64.40, amounting in all to \$423. The judge went into the accounts between the parties, mostly verbal evidence, and gave judgment for plaintiff for \$53 without costs. Crosby & Colpita for plaintiff; Payne & Graham for defendant.

McDermott Hardware Co. v. C. D. Endie. Action by McDermott Hardware Co., Rocky Mountain House, against C. D. Endie, saw mill operator, for \$323.39 for goods supplied him, and against Martin Bros. as third parties. Endie claiming that Martin Bros. were responsible for payment of the account. Judgment for plaintiff against Endie for \$241.29 with costs. The claim against the third parties dismissed with costs. E. Beveridge for plaintiff; J. S. McCormick for defendant; Payne & Graham for Martin Bros.

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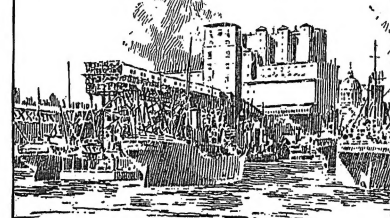
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DISTRICT COURT

The District Court sittings of last week were held on Tuesday and Wednesday before His Honor Judge Mahoney.

Wm. Hammond v. Chas. Chestnut. Agains adjourned.

J. Elliott et al v. J. Johnson. Adjourned.

Toye v. Thompson. Action by W. T. Toye, merchant, Sylvan Lake, against G. W. M. Thompson, Bentley, for \$73.51 note and interest thereon. The bill was contracted with Mr. Crossfield, defendant, when defendant was overseas and had been promised carpenter and painting work in order to work out account. Judgment for plaintiff for amount of note with interest at 1 per cent from November 17, 1923. Payne & Graham for plaintiff.

Loiselee v. McVicar. Action by Louis Loiselee against Archie McVicar, both of Sylvan Lake, for \$190.75 for balance of unpaid work on work and service rendered by plaintiff for defendant in sawing wood, cutting grain, etc. The defendant's statement was that plaintiff owed him \$46.65, he having paid \$239 cash, \$52 in labor, and a bill \$20 for work and wood from Louisie, and suffered damage for non-fulfilment of contract \$64.40, amounting in all to \$423. The judge went into the accounts between the parties, mostly verbal evidence, and gave judgment for plaintiff for \$53 without costs. Crosby & Colpita for plaintiff; Payne & Graham for defendant.

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Preliminary Figures Issued by Sir
Henry Thornton Show an In-
crease Over Last Year
of \$17,646,935

In an official statement issued Jan.
18th, 1924, by Sir Henry W. Thornton,
Chairman and President, of the net re-
venues of the Canadian National Rail-
ways for the year 1923 are placed at
\$20,127,447, being an increase of \$17,
646,935 in net revenues over 1922.

Operating Revenues	
1923	\$24,661,417
1922	\$23,353,853
Increase	\$21,065,559
Operating Expenses	
1923	\$24,535,093
1922	\$23,176,713
Increase	\$3,358,324
Net Revenues	
1923	\$20,127,447
1922	\$2,480,512
Increase	\$17,646,935

"The figures for 1923 are subject to
slight alterations, as some of the
items entering into both revenue and
expenses are estimated, but the ad-
justment will only slightly affect the
above statement. The statement
speaks for itself, and complete de-
tailed information with respect to all
matters of interest relating to the
National Railway system will be pub-
lished in the annual report which is
now in preparation, but the adminis-
tration desired promptly to acquaint
the people of Canada with the general
result. It is not possible to enter upon
a detailed discussion of the Company's
affairs at this time, but the directors
and the chairman feel justified in tak-
ing advantage of this opportunity to
express the hope that the service ren-
dered in 1923 will merit the same gen-
erous support as has been received
from the public during the past year.
The board especially desires to ac-
knowledge the fine and alert service
rendered by officers and employees
alike, which has greatly contributed
to the favorable results for the year."

YALE LOCK KEYS

And Post Office Keys cut to fit

F. M. HAYHOE
Tinsmith Red Deer

RED DEER TENT & MATTRESS CO.

Auto Tops and Curtains
Renewed and Repaired

Mattresses Re-Built

Upholstering Tapestries
—A fine line in stock.
Come and see them.

Automotive Electrical Equipment and Storage Battery Repairs

Let us store your Battery this winter.

Exide Battery Prices Lower

For Ford, Chevrolet, Gray Dorr, Etc. \$25.00
For McLaughlin Light Six \$32.00 and \$38.00
For Dodge \$45.00

F.O.B. Red Deer

Other published prices cancelled

W. R. F. PATCHETT

Phone 100

Box 178

TEN YEARS AGO

(From The News of January 28th,
1914).

Tenders were asked for the build-
ing of the Pine Lake school.

C.P.R. telephone gangs were at
last at work in Sylvan Lake.

From all over the world tributes and
sympathy were sent to Canada over
the death of Lord Strathcona.

Council discussed the single tax,
which had proved a failure in Red
Deer. A by-law to place a rental tax
on business properties was voted
down. The majority wished to return
to a tax on improvements.

The Red Deer Canadian Club held
its first meeting and luncheon.

R. B. Welliver took a risk consist-
ing of A. Mann, Hugh Clark and Rev.
Brown to the Calgary "spiel" and re-
turned with the Burns Trophy and
some of the jewellery.

The ratepayers of Red Deer West
voted emphatically against incorpo-
ration with the city.

FIFTEEN YEARS AGO

(From The News, February 3, 1909)

With only two members in the op-
position, the House of Commons was
at Edmonton were doing nothing.

The statement says:

Red Deer lost to Olds at hockey.
Doc Mann played a stellar game in
goal for Olds. About a hundred
fans from Red Deer went down to
Olds for the game.

The Red Deer Railway Company,
consisting of G. W. Smith, J. J.
Gaetz, P. W. Gault, W. A. Moore
and J. C. Moore, were applying to the
legislature to get an extension of
their charter.

A quantity of coal was being mined
from Gaetz Valley.

The town of Red Deer was submit-
ting a by-law for \$100.00 to be used
to better fire apparatus.

SEVEN TRADES UNION- ISTS IN RANKS OF LABOR CABINET

Remainder Evenly Balanced Between
"Workers" and "Intelligencia"

London, Jan. 23.—The Labor minis-
try, headed by J. Ramsay MacDonald
as premier, formally took office at
noon today.

The members of the retiring Bald-
win government visited Buckingham
Palace in the forenoon, and shortly
afterward Premier MacDonald and his
ministry arrived at the palace and re-
ceived their seals of office.

Premier MacDonald, waiting no
time in getting the machinery of his
government to work, called a cabinet
meeting for this afternoon, at which
it was understood the policy to be pre-
sented to parliament when it reas-
sembles would be considered.

Labor May Be Disappointed

If all the reports that are going the
rounds with reference to pressure
having been brought to bear on the
new premier, Ramsay MacDonald, by
trade unions and other Labor bodies,
by trade unions and other Labor bod-
ies, to obtain portfolios for their mem-
bers in the Labor cabinet, are true, there
is likely to be more disappointment
within the wide ranks of Labor over
the premier's selections than have
been revealed on the outside so far.

Among the comments of the news-
papers on the actual accession of
Labor to power, probably the most
striking feature is the non-appearance
of the erstwhile declared predictions
that the British Empire would be
doomed if the Labor party got control.

The Morning Post and Daily Tele-
graph alone of the Conservative pa-
pers refuse to be comforted, although
the Telegraph expresses the belief
that Premier MacDonald's adminis-
tration will last only a short time.

There are seven trade unionists
among the new ministers, and some
of these verily have sprung from the
loins of the people.

Biographical Data

Ramsay MacDonald, premier and
secretary for foreign affairs, began to
work on the land at the age of 12
years.

J. R. Clynes, lord privy seal and
deputy government leader in the
house of commons, was working half
time at the age of 10.

William Adamson, secretary for
Scotland, started work in a mine when
11 years old, and for 27 years earned
his living as a miner.

Thomas Shaw, minister of labor,
was working in a mill at half time
at the age of 10.

P. W. Jovett, commissioner of
works, was a half-timer at the age of
eight.

John Wheatley, minister of health,
was one of a family of 11, who for
years lived in a single-roomed apart-
ment in Lankashire.

Three Persons Included

Those personalities whose humble
beginnings are thus outlined in the
Labor press biographical data, are in
some way striking contrast with
the three peers in the Labor govern-
ment, Lord Parmoor, lord president of
the council; Viscount Haldane, lord
chancellor; and Viscount Chelmsford,
first lord of the admiralty. These, the
Daily News says, "give a surprising
and rather quaint air of respectability
to the administration, designed for
the comfort of weak-minded persons
who might not be persuaded other-
wise that a Labor government means
anything but red ruin."

Shock to Public

The cabinet appointment which
has given the greatest shock to the
public, is that of Viscount Chelms-
ford, who nominally is a Conservative
peer, and has never been associated

BRUMPTON & GAETZ Pre-Inventory Sale NOW IN FULL SWING

The necessity for quick clearance develops many astounding values. Do
not expect to find them all mentioned in this announcement, however.
Many---and some of the best of them---you'll find under 'Not Advertised'
tickets.

1000 Yards Plaid Gingham 5 yds. \$1.00

Pretty checked Gingham in assorted colors for house
dresses, and children's frocks and rompers, even for
summer time needs, for it's not often you'll duplicate

such a low pricing. The weaves are all perfect, splen-
did wearing and washing quality. Width 26 to 27
inches.

CLEARANCE PRICE ON Sweater Yarn ounce ball 12½¢

A splendid assortment of colors including black and
white, peacock, seal brown, dark green, heather and
rose; also 2-ply shet floss in pink and white; per 1
ounce skein 12½¢

WOMEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS FANCY BOXED HANDKERCHIEFS AT HALF PRICE

A limited quantity only, left over from Christmas
selling, and at this price you can afford to have two
boxes for the price of one.



A Final Clearance of Women's Coats

Values from \$27.50 to \$35 Pre-Inventory Sale Price---- \$18.50

15 Models only to Dispose of

representing some of the most captivating coat fashions seen this season. With all
the luxuriousness of appearance that rich fabrics, handsome linings and skillful
designing and workmanship can confer.

CLEARANCE OF Tailored Dresses \$6.95

7 only for quick clearance

Tailored from all wool Navy Tricotine and Serge.
The qualities are much better than so trifling a price
could be expected to command. Sizes 36 and 38
only.

Attractive Prices on Men's O'coats

A final clean-up on our stock of Men's Overcoats,
comprising some of the smartest garments shown
this season.

5 only MEN'S OVERCOATS at \$16.75

10 only MEN'S OVERCOATS at \$19.95

Boys' Mackinaws \$4.95

Tailored in an all Wool Freize with patch pockets,
belt and storm collar; colors grey and brown. Sizes
28 to 32. Regular value \$7.00.

Brumpton & Gaetz Limited

ALBERTA DAIRYMEN WANT TO PROHIBIT OLEOMARGARINE

D. W. Warner, M.P., and N. S. Smith,
M.L.A., on the Carpet

The producers' section of the Alber-
ta Dairymen's association are strenu-
ously in the fight to have the manu-
facture and sale of oleomargarine pro-
hibited permanently in Canada.

At the first day of the annual con-
vention which opened at Edmonton,
Wednesday last, the subject was
thrown open, and D. W. Warner, M.P.
for South Edmonton, and N. S. Smith,
M.L.A., were called to account as to
their stand on the oleo question.

Mr. Warner declared he was
against oleo and predicted that the
next fight in the house of commons on
the question would be to the finish.
Mr. Smith was asked to explain why
as chairman of the producers' section,
he had taken the stand in the legis-
lature last spring in favor of con-
tinued importation and manufacture

of oleo. He said it was because of
the inclusion in the new government
resolution by Joseph Dene, Liberal
member for Beaver River, it being
felt that an attempt was being made
to get U.P.A. members "in a hole" on
the free trade question.

The convention divides into three
sections—producers, manufacturers,
and butter, cheese and ice cream
makers. During the day addresses
were given by N. S. Smith, Prof. R. D.
Colquhoun, Guelph; C. P. Marker, Dairy
Commissioner of Alberta; Dr. E. G.
Hood, department of agriculture, Ot-
tawa. Geo. Hoadley, minister of agri-
culture for Alberta, was among the
speakers at the night session.

The committee has reached the de-
cision to officially record the charac-
teristics and origin of a number of
standard varieties of fruit. These are
the "Hilborn" black raspberry, the
"Jocelyn" roseberry, the "Herbert"
raspberry, the "McIntosh" and "Fu-
muse" apples, "Saunders" black cur-
rant, the "Pizzardi" peach and the
"Windsor" cherry, all of which origi-
nated in Canada.

NEW PLANT INTRO- DUCTIONS RECORDED

The Canadian Horticultural Coun-
cil has accepted for recording several
new varieties of plants. These will
be tested in the official trial plots and,
if found to possess outstanding merits,
will be registered and copyrighted,
thus protecting the originator. The
originations hitherto submitted and
accepted for recording include three
varieties of the gladiolus, two vari-
eties of the chrysanthemum, one rose
and a new strawberry.

In one instance the registration
committee of the Council were con-
fronted with the question of chang-
ing the name of one of the plants pro-
posed. This was the chrysanthemum
registered as "J. R. Booth," an im-
mense yellow originated at the Gov-
ernment Experimental Farm, Ottawa,
and under test by a firm of growers in
the United States. At the New York
Flower Show this variety attracted
the attention of the Japanese Amba-
sador, who asked that its name be
changed to "Princess Nagako." The
registration committee could not see
their way to agree because of the pos-
sible confusion that might arise, and
in this they were upheld by the Board
of Directors of the Council.

The committee has reached the de-
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muse" apples, "Saunders" black cur-
rant, the "Pizzardi" peach and the
"Windsor" cherry, all of which origi-
nated in Canada.

BEAUTIFUL CASH BOX FREE

We have just purchased a quantity of fine black japanned Pressed Steel Cash Boxes, size 11 1/2 x 5 1/2 x 2 1/2, two flat keys with each box. A real necessity to any owner of Victory Bonds, Insurance Policies, or other valuable papers. It is also used as a cash box and will last a lifetime. This beautiful Safety Box will be given free with 5 Tons of Coal, or wood to the same value, or both to the value of 5 Tons of Coal. Your order may come at any time, finish any time, when the value of 5 Tons of Coal has been received and paid for, you will be given one of these useful Boxes FREE. Any Coal or Wood orders already delivered since the first of the year will be credited on the premium.

We handle only High Grade Coals, and every pound is guaranteed to give satisfaction. Our Wood is all well seasoned. We can deliver either fine split or block wood.

DAWE & MALCOLM
PHONE 62

The News

RED DEER - ALBERTA

Published Every Wednesday Morning
At The News Block, Cassels Ave.,
South

Subscription \$2.00 per year, if paid in
advance

ADVERTISING RATES
Transient advertising ... 35c per inch
Local advertising ... 15c and 10c line
Readers ... 10c per line.

PHONE 64.

JNO. A. CARSWELL,
Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 30, 1924.

THE COMING NEW LIQUOR LAW IN ALBERTA

In the new session of the Alberta Legislature now opening the most important measure in contemplation is the new Liquor Act designed to give effect to the referendum of November last. It is an act of great importance, socially, morally and financially. The Government have employed Mr. Parlee, a notable Liberal and a lawyer of distinction, to draft the act, and Mr. Bennett, a notable Conservative, and also a lawyer of distinction, to revise it. They did so probably in order to ensure the technical legal soundness of the act, and also to give the people of the Province confidence that the act had been drawn without thought of party considerations, but honestly in pursuance of the wishes of the people so far as they were intelligently expressed at the recent referendum. For this the Farmers' Government deserve credit. It is much in accordance with their record since they took office, but there is a fair criticism to be made of it, which also seems to be in accordance with their past record. They already have in their service a drafting counsel, Dr. Scott, to whom they pay quite a high salary. We think it is \$7,000.00 or thereabouts. It seems a fair thing to suggest that that salary is quite high enough to command the services of a counsel capable of drafting any act which the Government might contemplate, and there does not appear really any justification for not leaving the drafting of the new act to Dr. Scott, whose capacity has not been challenged. Put bluntly, either the drafting counsel should draft all the Government acts, or his position should be abolished and the salary attached to it saved. No doubt the Government have been influenced by the fear of malignantly hostile criticism by the Liberal opposition of the terms of their new act, and wished to silence it in advance by the employment of these distinguished counsel, but the Government should know by now that it is not any shortcomings of theirs that provoke the Liberal criticism, but only their supreme wickedness in keeping the Liberals out of office, and they should have the courage to treat the official Liberal criticism with the contempt that it deserves, and sufficient confidence in the impartial and sincere people of Alberta to believe that it is their right to draft their acts fairly, with little attention will be paid to spiteful and mechanical criticism.

So far as the act itself is concerned, comment may be reserved till later. So far as its reception and treatment by the Legislature is concerned, we can only hope that the members will discuss it and deal with it in a spirit of temperate moderation with a view to the promotion of the good of the community as a whole, both now and hereafter, and not with a view to the vindication of any pet theories, whether of temperance or freedom, or to the benefiting of any private interest.

TAXATION—THE VITAL PROBLEM OF THE DAY

The Calgary Herald has recently been publishing a series of excellent articles on Canadian taxation. The gist of these is that taxation in Canada has reached a dangerous and unhealthy level and must be reduced. A few weeks ago the "Saturday Evening Post" contained an article written by one of the leading treasury officials of the United States in which he pointed out that in the States taxation, federal, state and municipal, had reached a point almost if not quite as high as that of Great Britain, where the general opinion is that the burden of taxation is very nearly intolerable. It is noticeable that most of the great European countries are either bankrupt or trembling on the edge of

bankruptcy. It is, therefore, a fairly safe thing to say that the supreme public question at the present time in Canada and in most of the countries of the world is that of the reduction of public expenditure and consequent taxation. In Canada, as in the United States, dominion, provincial, municipal taxes are all at levels which impose a crippling drain on the resources of the individual citizen. The tax burden is so heavy that it has become a popular and urban councilors all profess devotion to public economy. Yet the results of their devotion are distressingly small.

The late war is, of course, the first and foremost cause of increased national burdens. The war has been paid for. The great loans floated to finance the war have to be carried in respect of interest and sinking fund. Yet it appears from analysis that it is not the war debts that are the sole cause of the increased taxation. At every point public expenditure seems to have gone up. Increases in the number of officials employed by governments and public bodies are a great, if not the greatest, cause of expenditure. It seems fairly easy for popular governments to appoint officials with comfortable salaries, and desperately hard to get rid of them when they have been appointed. Yet every one of these officials is being supported by the rest of the community.

It is nonsense to suggest that a civilized society can get along without a staff of government officials, and experience has shown that cheap government officials usually mean bad and dishonest government. The only way seems to be to maintain a proper discrimination between necessary and unnecessary officials, between those who render valuable services to the community in return for their salaries and those who are simply relieved parasites upon the community. The heart of the evil seems to lie in that ancient and curious feature of democratic government, the untrained, unequalled, incompetent politician, who is neither able nor willing to conduct the government of his country, his province, or his city or municipal district on sound and honest lines. This type of politician in his turn is the product of the uneducated, unqualified voter, and so we come again to the essential cause of the evil. This vital question calls for further consideration. In the meantime we wish merely to direct the attention of our readers to the problem, which in our opinion needs the careful thought of every one of us.

THE FIRST LABOUR GOVERNMENT OF GREAT BRITAIN

The Conservative government of Mr. Baldwin in Great Britain having been defeated in the House of Commons, as was expected, a Labour Government has been formed under the premiership of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald. The names of his cabinet have been made public and we print them in this issue. The announcement of the names have been received with something like a mingled feeling of surprise and satisfaction. The new government contains three peers, Lord Haldane, Lord Farnborough, and Lord Chelmsford. It contains also men like Sir Sidney Olivier, a civil servant of long standing experience, and Mr. Trevelyan, a member of an old English family of aristocratic traditions. There are regular Labour members in the usual sense of the term, men who have been engaged in manual labour in their early years and have risen to the head of, first the Labour party, and then the government of Great Britain, by hard political fighting. Of these are perhaps Mr. Clynes, Mr. Abrahamson, and Mr. Philip Snowden and Mr. Sidney Webb belong to what one might term the school of theoretical or doctrinaire socialism. Both are capable, highly educated men, with whose opinions one may disagree, yet would be unwise to treat with anything but serious consideration. It is a cabinet which appears to contain an unusually large proportion of men of proved high mental capacity and business experience. There are in it none of whom it can be said that they are nothing but party hacks owing their positions to hereditary rank or mere wealth. Lord Chelmsford is perhaps the surprise of the whole cabinet, as he is a great hereditary aristocrat not known

to have had any labour connections whatever. Yet he, too, has proved his worth by his service as an Imperial representative abroad, particularly in India as Viceroy, where his scheme of reform, introduced at the request of the much less respectable Mr. Montague, now happily vanished from the forefront of political life, marked a notable epoch in the history of British government in India. It is probably this momentous scheme which shows in this Indian reform scheme which he laid for Mr. MacDonald to offer Lord Chelmsford a place in his cabinet. The place given to him is that of First Lord of the Admiralty and possibly the choice is a wise one, for the Navy is still largely a great aristocratic service in which traditions of rank and discipline necessarily rank high, and with these traditions Lord Chelmsford is more likely to be in understanding sympathy than a man drawn straight from the ranks of the Labour ranks would have been.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, the new Prime Minister, is also Minister for Foreign Affairs. It is a great pity that his record in the late war was so thoroughly bad. He was a pacifist at a time when pacifism was treason to the Empire and to freedom in the whole world. For this reason many would have preferred to see the premiership fall to Mr. Clynes, who is now Mr. MacDonald's chief colleague in the cabinet, and whose war record was a very fine one both in respect of patriotism and capacity.

As far as can be at all anticipated this first Labour Government of Great Britain stands quite a good chance of being a success. The Labour party, it is hoped, will give the intelligent and experienced men in the cabinet every reason for refusing to introduce rash and extreme measures of legislation the behavior of the Labour revolutionary associates. With a moderate policy their capacity for administration should enable them to conduct the affairs of the country with not little success, and they will quite possibly receive from the Conservative Party under Mr. Baldwin some of the very like benevolent neutrality, and not much in the nature of merely captious criticism.

It is a great landmark in British history, this first Labour Government. Historians of the future may well call it the final evidence of the overthrow of the supremacy of the old feudal aristocracy and their hangers-on, which has existed from before the Norman Conquest of England.

The party which has come out of the political crisis worst and most miserably is the so-called Liberal Party. At the general election they fought the Labour Party tooth and nail. Their leaders like Lloyd George warned the nation in the most lurid terms against the socialist and the Labour party. The election was over and the Liberals found themselves unexpectedly the weakest party in the House of Commons, they instantly decided that they would rather have the party triumph over their old opponents the Conservatives, than the patriotic duty of keeping out of power these Labour men whom they had declared to be a threat to the whole stability of the country. Their reward is to see one solitary Liberal, Lord Haldane, in the new cabinet, as compared with four Conservatives. If Mr. Baldwin was right when he told Mr. Asquith in the final debate in the House that by selling his principles he had doomed his party to extinction and insured that he himself would be the last Liberal Premier of Great Britain, that extinction is thoroughly well deserved.

CANNOT MINIMIZE PULPWOOD EXPORTS

The Financial Times of January 19th had this to say of the exports of pulpwood, which has become such a burning question of today: "An effort is being made in the United States to minimize the heavy increase in the volume of imports of pulpwood from Canada by that country during the past year. While the total for the 12 months ending November 30th, 1923, was 1,516,565 cords as compared with 971,567 in 1922, the statement is made by the American Paper and Pulp Association that the higher imports for the latter year (1923) were merely sufficient to compensate for the abnormally low imports of 1922." It is further stated that the 1923 figures show an increase of only 200,000 cords above the average in the past four years. While this is true as far as it goes, it is equally true that as between 1922 and 1923 there was an increase in the pulpwood sent out of Canada to feed the mills of the United States of over 444,000 cords, or close to 50 per cent advance for 1923 over the previous year. It is also true that the United States took some 400,000 cords in 1923 over and above the average for the past ten years or so. Part of this increase during 1923 was due to the threatened embargo to the export of pulpwood from Canada, as indicated by the fact that in the latter part of the year, when the Canadian government was good enough to ally about 99 per cent of the farms of United States mills over such an embargo, imports dropped considerably. It remains true, however, that sufficient wood went over to the United States from Canada in 1923 to enable the mills of that country to produce well over 300,000 tons of newsprint, and that the average for the past four years produced in the United States from Canadian pulpwood exceeded 300,000 tons of newsprint. Thus, Canadian pulpwood sent over to the United States in 1923 produced about 75 per

cent of the total amount of newsprint manufactured in the same year in all the paper mills of Canada. It is futile, therefore, for any attempt to be made to suggest that the volume of export of pulpwood from Canada can in any sense be disregarded as unimportant, either in relation to the amount of wood still available in this country, or to the amount that is being utilized by Canadian mills for their own purposes.

EDITORIAL NOTES

According to the replies received by "Marked" from the different businesses in Canada to a questionnaire sent out, every business that is large and progressive and also every small business that is making steady advance, have their advertising campaign already planned for 1924. The end of the year, Spasmotic advertising is a mistake. It does not have corresponding results with regular less extensive advertising. It is not fair to your business or to the medium carrying your copy.

Let us not turn into a community of vandals. Where we have beautiful boulevards or beautiful trees or beautiful parks, let us try to retain or improve them instead of destroying or lamaging them.

Although there may be some justification for the complaints of the agriculturists as to conditions, they complain too loudly and too bitterly. We say without hesitation that the problem of the farmer in Alberta, or for that matter in any part of the west, are and have been less burdensome than the problems of the average small business man. In fact many of the farmers who are complaining most are engaged in business before taking up farming.

The high cost of labor is the second biggest problem in America today. The standard seems to be set by the railways, and the wages of the employees of the railroads is set by the award that is most happily called the Vancouver Sun "The Curse of McAdoo." The biggest problem is how to get the body of politicians at Ottawa and Edmonton to think somewhat of the country and to forget their personal interests. Turn the Council of the City of Red Deer loose in the government with power to act and they could do more in two weeks than has been done since the outbreak of war to put the finances of the country on a sound basis.

Advertising dry goods will not increase the number of people to be clothed. It will, however, do a number of things. It will increase the confidence of the people in the advertiser. It will show the public the correct things to buy. It will increase the amount of buying by the people who read the advertisement.

Calgary Advertiser: Mr. Boyle estimates that the Liberals would carry the majority of the seats in southern Alberta in the case of an election at the present time. At present the Liberals have two seats. If it were known that the Liberals would suggest that Mr. Boyle is talking through his chapeau.

It is said that George Gonthier, of Montreal, newly appointed auditor-general, will receive a salary of \$15,000.00 a year, according to the Ottawa Citizen. This would be the highest salary paid any officer of the government, and will exceed that of the cabinet ministers, outside the premier. And so it goes. No thought of saving or reducing. Just one more little burden for the people to bear.

WEEKLY NEWS BULLETIN

Issued by Publicity Commissioner, Government Buildings, Edmonton.

Alberta Dairy Convention
The 19th annual convention of the Alberta Dairy Farmers' Association held in Edmonton the past week with a large attendance. During the convention several instructive addresses were delivered by prominent dairymen. The convention passed a resolution endorsing the new cream grading system, asking that it be continued for 1924, and expressing appreciation for the services of the cream grading committee and of Mr. Marker, Dairy Commissioner.

Oil Refinery at Edmonton
A site has been acquired and a company organized for the erection of an oil refinery in the city of Edmonton.

Triumph for Provincial Police
Another triumph for the persistency of the Alberta Provincial Police was recorded the past week when Albin, the last of the trio of bandits who held up a C.P.R. train in the Crow's Nest Pass, was captured. Albin, the last of the trio of bandits who held up a C.P.R. train in the Crow's Nest Pass, was captured. Albin, the last of the trio of bandits who held up a C.P.R. train in the Crow's Nest Pass, was captured.

Liquor Commissioner Resigns
The resignation was announced the past week of E. S. Bishop, for the past year and a half commissioner under the present Liquor Act.

Alberta Exhibits Go Abroad
Shipment was made the past week of the Alberta Seed Grain Exhibit which will be placed at the British Empire Exhibition, in cooperation with the Dominion Seed Bank at Ottawa. This exhibit will be substantially the same, but on a somewhat enlarged scale, of the exhibit recently shown at Chicago International Show by the Provincial Seed Branch. The exhibit shown at Chicago was also shipped to the 2. Eaton store

products exposition being held in Winnipeg in February. The seed grain exhibit which took place at the recent Provincial Seed Fair have also been entered in the Eaton Exposition.

Farmers Should Get Seed Grain
Alberta farmers who wish to take the opportunity of securing seed grain from the provincial seed cleaning plant at Edmonton should do so at once, making their application to the seed branch at Edmonton. A considerable number of orders for this grain have been received from other provinces, and the seed branch is in the desire that as many farmers in Alberta as possible secure some of this high class grain for seed purposes.

Alberta Protests New Harbor Rate
Believing that the Alberta producers of grain are the interests chiefly concerned in the proposed handling of grain through the Pacific Coast port of Vancouver, the Alberta Government and the provincial seed cleaning plant at Edmonton, have jointly sent a commissioner to the coast city, at the invitation of the Harbor Commission, to investigate the circumstances surrounding the proposal to increase the harbor charges on grain to 8 cents a ton. J. D. O. Motherill, who was selected for this mission, has made his report to the government, which declares in effect that the six cent charge is not justified. On the strength of the report, Premier Greenfield has wired to the Harbor Commission asking that the proposed rate be suspended, at least for the balance of the present crop shipping season, and that no increases be made in charges on the grain movement until the Alberta Government has been given full opportunity to make representations, and, further, the Premier asks that a conference be arranged between the governments to examine all questions regarding the policy for future crop shipping and handling facilities on the Pacific Coast.

Better Interest Rates
Cheaper interest rates for Alberta farmers belonging to co-operative credit organizations, were announced by Premier Greenfield to a convention of these organizations held the past week in Edmonton. The Premier announced that the bank interest to these credit societies would be reduced from 7 to 6 1/2 percent. The Premier incidentally declared it to be the opinion of the National Bank that the Alberta co-operative credit system was one of the most fundamentally sound and practically operated of any in the Dominion.

WORKING FOR YOURSELF
Life Insurance offers to capable, ambitious men of high character, a career of independence, with an assured future. In our Agency Organization, you can build up your own business, ever increasing in results.

Red Deer and Central Alberta Territory Open

If interested, write in confidence
Excelsior Life Ins. Co.
S. N. CARSCALLEN, Mgr.
CALGARY, ALTA.

Phone 186
For
Pure Pork Sausage

Made from Little Pigs
Service and Quality
FARMER MEAT MARKET
Feeney & Harding
WE DELIVER

REDUCED FARES
TO via
WINNIPEG
Winter Sports
CARNIVAL
February 11 to 16
1924

TICKETS ON SALE
from all Stations in Ontario
(Port Arthur and West),
Manitoba, Saskatchewan,
and Alberta
February 9 to 13, 1924
(Inclusive)
Return Limit February 18

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Legislature Opens
The third session of the present Legislature will open on Monday, January 29. The reply to the speech from the throne will be moved by Lawrence Peterson, member for Taber, and seconded by L. Joly, member for St. Paul. The debate will likely commence Tuesday. Several bills are already printed and ready for introduction.

Alberta's Hellum Gas
Attention has once more been drawn by shipping experts in London, to the fact that the only known supply of hellum gas in the British Empire exists in the Province of Alberta, that ten million feet of this gas was going to waste annually in this province, and that the possibility of establishing an alamp base at some future date in Alberta was being discussed.

**We Need The Money!
We Are Sacrificing!**

21-piece Fine China Tea Set
6 cups and saucers, 6 bread and butters, sugar bowl and cream jug, in two different rose patterns and green band pattern. **\$3.75**

22-piece China Tea Set
Same as above, but with cake plate in addition. Regular \$6.75. **For \$5.50**

1 1/2 Pint China Cream Jug 39c
Pint China Cream Jug 29c

See Our Clean-up Table on Odd Pieces of China.

Special on Handbags
Solid Leather Handbags. Reg. \$4.50, \$5.50 & \$6.50
Clean-up at \$2.50

Did you use Washout Powder for your washing this week?
Per Package 10c.

J. C. BRAZIER

Definite Policy of Immigration for Canadian National Railways

WHEN, a little more than a year ago, Sir Henry W. Black, K. B. E., was chosen to head the Canadian National Railways, one of his first acts was to put into motion machinery which would aid in the colonization and development of Canada, particularly along the lines of the National Railway system. He realized that one of the crying needs of Canada was for more population, and he has since been noted, on several occasions as saying that if Canada had a population of twenty-five million people, Canada would have no railway problem.

The organization of a department to look after colonization and development was entrusted by Sir Henry to Mr. W. D. Robb, Vice-President, and Mr. Robb at once proceeded to build up the necessary organization to look after this most important national work. Investigations, conferences and careful planning gradually brought into being an effective department, the work of the year culminating in the engagement of Dr. W. J. Black, Deputy Minister of Immigration and Colonization in the Federal Government, as Manager of the Colonization and Development Department of the Canadian National Railways, with headquarters in London, England. That was early in the Fall of 1923. Dr. Black, President of the Canadian National Railways, where he spent some weeks carrying out a series of investigations, and a general conference of all officers of the department was called and a definite plan of colonization and development was drawn up and announced. This was the first definite announcement on immigration to be announced in Canada.

Dr. Black's Career
In England, Dr. Black, the Canadian National Railways, secured an officer who is probably better acquainted with the immigration laws of the Dominion, and the best methods of remedying those needs, than any other man in the country. Dr. Black was connected with the agricultural industry and has run the gauntlet of all the vicissitudes of the war. He was born and brought up on a farm in Dufferin County, Ontario, and in 1904 he came to the Ontario Agricultural College with a Toronto University degree. At his graduation he was appointed editor of the "Farmers' Advocate," Winnipeg, Manitoba, and he held this post for two years. In 1905 he joined the Government of Manitoba as Deputy Minister of Agriculture, a post which he left the following year to become President of the Manitoba Agricultural College. He remained in this important position until 1916, when he became Commissioner of Agriculture for Canada. At the conclusion of the Great War in 1918, Dr. Black was appointed Chairman of the Soldiers' Settlement Board of Canada, a position which he held until his appointment, in 1921, as Deputy Minister of Immigration and Colonization for Canada.

Dr. Black is a man who is thoroughly respected, both for his opinions and his achievements throughout Canada. He carries a lasting and genuine interest in the country into his work, and as a quiet but eloquent and convincing speaker, he is well fitted to broadcast the message of his important mission.

The Policy.
There are seven points to the programme which has received the approval of the Dominion Government. Sir Henry W. Black, the Premier, and the principal members of policy will be placed into effect immediately. Dr. Black will be in London again on January 8th, and in his arrival in London his department commenced to function actively. The thorough character of the policy can be judged from a recapitulation of the seven principles, which are as follows:

- 1-To influence the immigration and satisfactory settlement of Canada of the largest possible number of people of productive capacity that the country can absorb and assimilate.
- 2-To contribute to the dissemination of information concerning the vast and extensive natural resources of the Dominion and the widespread opportunities for industrial development, and to attract from other countries and invested where enterprises will be legitimately rewarded.
- 3-To promote the land settlement of new Canadians under conditions that will ensure the maximum possibility of success in their farming operations, and enable them to enjoy the same social and religious institutions as are necessary to individual happiness and contentment.
- 4-To encourage improvement in agriculture, that more diversified methods may be employed in farming, and that crop, livestock and dairy production may be increased in accordance with market demands and prospects.
- 5-To assist by organized effort in the immigration of young people of desirable type and character from the Dominion of Great Britain, and in their placement in respectable rural homes where they may be qualified to participate in constructive activities and acquire citizenship of distinct value to Canada.
- 6-To aid in the development of new opportunities for service and to facilitate the employment of means of selecting immigrants physically fit and anxious for work.
- 7-To co-operate with the Federal and Provincial Governments and business organizations throughout the Dominion in promoting all measures calculated to contribute toward an increase in immigration of desirable people, and toward the settlement under the most favorable conditions possible.

Overshoes and Rubbers

The "LIFEBUOY" stamp on every pair is a guarantee of the best quality. Smart correct fitting lasts for practically every style of shoe, in complete range of sizes, and our prices compare favorably and are frequently less than quotations for other grades.

Men's Jersey Cloth Rubbers, at	\$1.85 Pair
Men's 1-buckle Overshoes, at	\$2.45 Pair
Men's 2-buckle Overshoes, at	\$3.35 Pair
Men's 3-eyel Laced Gum Rubbers, at	\$2.90 Pair
Men's 2-buckle Wide Top Gum Rubbers at	\$3.25 pair
Men's Leather Top Gum Rubbers at	\$3.45 pair
Men's Canvas Top Gum Rubbers at	\$2.50 pair
Men's All-White 4-eyel Laced Gum Rubbers at	\$4.65 pair
Men's All-White 6-eyel Laced Gum Rubbers at	\$5.25 pair
All White, 4-eyel Laced Gum Rubbers, rolled edge soles, solid heels. Sizes 6 and 7 only. Regular \$4.95, at	\$3.85
Men's High Top 4-buckle Overshoes, sizes 6, 7, 8, 11, 12 only, at	\$3.95 Pair
Men's 2-buckle Overshoes; sizes 11 to 13 at	\$2.35 pair
Sizes 1 to 5 at	\$2.85 pair
Men's All White Rubber Knee Boots, sizes 7, 8, 9 only, at	\$5.75 Pair
Men's Knee Rubber Boots, size 7 only, at	\$4.25 Pair
Men's Knee Rubber Boots, snag-proof, with red rolled edge soles. Sizes 6, 7, 10, at	\$4.95 Pair
Heavy Snag-Proof Rubber Bottoms, for attaching to leather or canvas tops. Sizes 7 and 11 only	\$1.00 Pair

MEN! HERE'S A BARGAIN IN HEAVY GUM RUBBERS

They are in broken lines as follows:

Six Eyelet Lace Heavy Snag Proof Rubbers, with red rolled edge. Sizes 6-8 only. Regular \$4.50, at	\$3.65
Eight Eyelet Lace Extra Heavy Gum Rubbers, with rolled edge soles. Sizes 7, 8 only. Regular \$5.50, at	\$4.45
Three Eyelet Lace Gum Rubbers, size 11. Regular \$2.90, at	\$1.95
All White Heavy Gum Rubbers, 4 eyelet height. Sizes 7, 10. Regular \$5.25, at	\$3.85

FOR WOMEN

Women's Jersey Cloth Rubbers at	\$1.60 pair
Women's Plain Rubbers, all sizes, fit different toes and heels \$1.00	
Women's Storm Rubbers, to fit Cuban or low heels and recede or full toe, at	\$1.10 pair
Women's 1-buckle Overshoes at	\$2.25 pair
Women's 3-buckle Overshoes, to fit recede or full toe, and Cuban or low heels, at	\$3.10 pair
Women's Knee Rubber Boots; warm; fleece-lined. Sizes 5, 7 only, at	\$3.25 Pair
Women's Jersey Cloth Blizzard Rubbers at 95c Pair. Fit shoes with medium round toe and Cuban heels. Sizes 2½, 3, 3½ and 4 only.	
Women's Rubbers in Plain and Storm Front. Sizes 2½, 3, 3½ only, at	50c Pair
Women's High Button Overshoes in small sizes. Regular \$3.95. On Sale at \$1.95. Sizes are 2½, 3, 3½, 4 only.	

FOR GIRLS

Misses' Knee Rubber Boots; warm; fleece-lined. Sizes 11, 12, 13, 2 only, at	\$2.75
Girls' Jersey Cloth Rubbers, sizes 11 to 2 at	\$1.35 pair
Sizes 4 to 10 at	\$1.20 pair
Girls' Plain Rubbers, sizes 11 to 2 at	90c pair
Sizes 3 to 10½ at	80c pair
Girls' Storm Front Rubbers; sizes 11 to 2 at	95c pair
Sizes 3 to 10½ at	85c pair
Girls' 2-buckle Overshoes; sizes 11 to 2 at	\$2.70 pair
Sizes 4 to 10½ at	\$2.35 pair
Girls' Button Overshoes, on sale at \$1.00 Pair. Sizes are 8 to 2	
Child's Knee Rubber Boots; warm; fleece-lined. Sizes 6, 7, 9, 10 only, at	\$2.10 Pair

FOR BOYS

Boys' Jersey Cloth Rubbers; sizes 11 to 13 at	\$1.50 pair
Sizes 1 to 5 at	\$1.70 pair
Boys' 1-buckle Overshoes; sizes 11 to 13 at	\$2.10 pair
Sizes 1 to 5 at	\$2.25 pair
Boys' Plain Rubbers; sizes 11 to 13 at	90c pair
Sizes 1 to 5 at	\$1.00 pair

BOYS' EXPRESSMAN BOOTS—Overshoe and felt boot combined—splendid for boys who require to be outdoors in all kinds of weather; heavy cashmerette tops with thick felt lining and loose felt innersole; heavy rubber soles and solid rubber heels; sizes 1 to 5 at **\$3.50 pair**

BOYS' LEATHER TOP GUM BOOTS; sizes 1 to 5, at **\$2.45 pair**

BOYS' 2-EYELET LACE GUM RUBBERS; sizes 5 to 10 at **\$1.75**
 Sizes 11 to 13 at **\$1.85 pair**
 Sizes 1 to 5 at **\$2.35 pair**

Boys' Knee Rubber Boots; heavy quality dull rubber. Sizes 3, 4, 5 only, at **\$3.25 Pair**; size 11 only, at **\$2.50 Pair**

Boys' 1-buckle Heavy Gum Rubbers, Sizes 12, 13, at **\$1.65 Pair**; sizes 1 to 4, at **\$1.95 Pair**

"Packard" Quality Gaiters for Women. Regular \$2.50. Sale Price **\$1.95 pair**

Men's Black Felt Arctic Boots, on Sale at \$1.95 Pair. Two eyelet laced boot with flexible leather soles and low heels; splendid for wearing with overshoes of for home wear. Sizes 6 to 11.

Men's Black All Felt Boots, sizes 6 and 7 only. On Sale at \$2.95

Boys' All Felt Boots, on Sale at \$2.45 and \$2.95. First quality black felt uppers with leather toe cap; have thick felt soles and heels. Sizes 1 to 5 at **\$2.95**; Sizes 11 to 13 at **\$2.45**.

Boys' Felt and Leather Boots, on Sale at \$2.95 Pair. These warm felt boots have leather covered vamp and counter leather soles and heels. Sizes 3 and 4 only.

Girls' All Felt Boots, sizes 11 to 2, on Sale at \$2.25 Pair. Black or brown with thick felt soles and heels; have leather toe cap.

Child's All Felt Boots, sizes 8 to 10. On Sale \$1.95 Pair. Black or brown felt; thick felt soles and heels; leather toe cap.

Child's High Top All Felt Boots, sizes 4, 5, 6, 7. On Sale \$2.25 Pair
Women's Black Felt Boots, Sale Price \$2.35 Pair. Warm, comfortable boots for the cold weather; have thick felt uppers; leather soles and heels. Sizes 3 to 8.

Women's High Top Felt Boots, size 3 only. Sale Price, \$2.95 Pair

Men's Oil Tan Shoe Packs, sizes 6 to 11 **\$2.75 Pair**

Men's High Cut Oil Tan Shoe Packs, sizes 6 to 11, at \$3.35 Pair

Boys' Oil Tanned Shoe Packs, Sizes 11, 12, 13, at **\$1.65 Pair**; sizes 1 to 5, at **\$1.95 Pair**

Men's High Top Buck Moccasins, on sale \$1.95 Pair. Well made and strongly sewn with heavy waxed thread. Sizes 7, 9, 10 only.



The W. E. LORD CO. LTD. RED DEER, ALBERTA.

Registered TRADE MARK No. 30760

Furnishings for Men and Boys

This department usually has something unusual to offer.

MEN'S BLACK CASHMERE HALF HOSE
 Pure Wool Cashmere Half Hose in black, brown and grey, English make, soft and durable. Regular 65¢ values. Specially priced at 50¢ pair

MEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS
 Pure Irish Linen, full size, nice even thread, will wear and wash well. Regular 35¢. Specially priced at 25¢

JAEGER PURE WOOL COMBINATIONS
 A chance to buy these famous garments at a great saving; nice winter weight, pure soft wool and perfect in fit and workmanship; sizes 36 to 42. Regular \$10.00 values at \$8.00. Regular \$7.50 values at \$6.00



MEN'S MACKINAW

Men's Pure Wool Mackinaw Coats, Norfolk style, large shawl collars, nice patterns in brown, blue and green. Specially priced at \$8.95

MEN'S KHAKI

COVERALLS
 Good weight khaki denim Coveralls, extra well made; large roomy garments; sizes 34 to 46. A real bargain. Specially priced at \$3.50

BOYS' HEAVY RIBBED STOCKINGS

A real stocking for moccasins or rubbers; 9½ to 10 only; the top, strong and durable. Specially priced 75¢

BOYS' NAVY SERGE SUITS

Boys' suits in plain Navy Serge, sizes 10 to 15 years; neat models, good weight cloth and well made. Regular \$8.50. Specially priced at \$5.95

SWEATERS FOR LITTLE GENTS

Boys' Sweaters in pullover and button shoulder, plain and combination colors; sizes 4 to 8 years; good, strong durable sweaters. Values to \$1.50. Specially priced at 95¢



Household Hardware

A few last minute bargains before stock-taking. If you are in need of a Range or Heating Stove, don't fail to take advantage of our January Special Prices on stoves.

Now is the time for hockey players to stock up their future needs in the following:

Hockey Sticks, reg. \$1.00, \$1.50, \$1.60, \$1.75, Special 75c, \$1.15, \$1.25 and \$1.35

Regulation Pucks, Special 20c each

Star Tube Skates, regular \$6.25. Special, \$4.95

Skate Straps, Regular 2 for 25c. Special, 2 for 15c

Goalkeepers' Leg Guards, reg. \$8.25. Special \$4.95

Curling Brooms, 5-string **\$1.25**

Clothes Baskets **\$2.25**

Galvanized Steel Wire Mats **\$2.15**

Cocoa Mats, 18x26 inches, Regular \$1.85; Special, \$1.45

To give that boy or girl of yours a physique like Dad's, buy them a **SLED**.

We have them at **95c, \$1.95, \$2.25, \$3.95 and \$4.15**

Present mother with a **POTATO POT** while our special lasts.

Grey Enamel, size 8. Regular \$2.10. Special \$1.35

Blue and White, 3-coat enamel, Regular \$2.65; Special **\$1.75**

Gas Engine Oil, for winter use, per gal. **\$1.35**

Separator Oil, per gal. **\$1.25**

Lined Oil, boiled or raw, per gal. **\$1.75**

Turpentine, per gal. **\$2.95**

GROCERY SECTION

FLOUR
 "PURITY", "ROBIN HOOD", "GOLD SEAL"
 This appears to be a good time to buy flour, as we cannot see any probability of prices going lower, and we will not be surprised should there be a slight advance.
 Robin Hood \$3.35 Purity \$3.35 Gold Seal \$2.90
 Less 5¢ in 5-sack lots, and 10¢ in 10-sack lots.
 "GOLD SEAL" is not second grade, but is the same as the flour milled during the war, and makes bread that is preferred by a goodly number of families.

SUGAR
 The Sugar market is strong, and an early advance is anticipated.
 B.C. GRANULATED—10 lbs \$1.20 20 lbs \$2.35 100 lbs \$11.30

COFFEE AND TEA
 We roast our Coffee fresh daily.
 Our Special Blend 35¢ per lb; 3 lbs for \$1.00
 Our Early Breakfast 60¢ per lb; 3 lbs for \$1.40
 Our Household Blend Tea 65¢ per lb; 3 lbs for \$1.80
 Our Special Blend Tea 70¢ per lb; 3 lbs for \$2.00
 Salada Tea, 1 lb packets 65¢ lb
 Lanka Tea, 1 lb packets 65¢ lb

FEED
 Alfalfa Hay, 25 lb sack \$1.20
 Pure Linsed Meal 100 lb sack \$4.95
 Cotton Cake Meal 100 lb sack \$3.40
 Bran 100 lb sack \$1.20
 Shorts 100 lb sack \$1.30
 Less 5¢ per sack in 10-sack lots

SALT
 Table Salt, 14 lb sacks 50¢
 F.F. Salt, full 50 lb sack \$1.00
 Coarse Salt, 50 lb sack 85¢
 Black Salt, 50 lb sack 90¢
 Special price on quantity.

Important Information Respecting the Handling of Eggs

Eggs will require special attention, and must be purchased and sold according to grade, under the supervision of Government Inspectors; and, for information of our customers, we reprint part of the regulations respecting the grading and marketing of eggs.

(e) "Canadian Standards" means the classes and grades of eggs named and defined in these regulations.

2. Canadian eggs for export out of Canada and all eggs for domestic consumption in Canada, including eggs intended for ships' stores, but not including eggs intended for incubation, shall be classified, candied and graded as follows:
 Class (1) Fresh—Eggs which have not been held under refrigeration at a temperature of 40 degrees Fahrenheit more or less, except when in transit, or subjected to artificial preservation.

Grade (a) Specials—Eggs of uniform size, weighing 25 ounces to the dozen and over, or 41 pounds net to the 30-dozen case; clean, free from stain, strong and sound in shell; air cell small, not over 3.16 of an inch in depth; white of egg to be firm and clear and yolk dimly visible. Maximum allowance at time of inspection not to exceed 8 eggs per half case below the grade stated.

Grade (b) Extras—Eggs reasonably uniform in size, weighing at least 24 ounces to the dozen, or 45 pounds net to the 30-dozen case; clean, sound in shell; air cell less than ¾ inch in depth; white of egg to be firm and yolk moderately visible. Maximum allowance at time of inspection not to exceed 8 eggs per half case below the grade stated.

Sub-Grade (1) Pallet Extras—Eggs which have the quality of extras but which fall short in weight shall be known as pallet extras, providing they weigh at least 30 ounces to the dozen, or 37½ pounds net to the 30-dozen case. Maximum allowance at time of inspection not to exceed 8 eggs per half case below the grade stated.

Grade (c) Firsts—Eggs weighing at least 23½ ounces to the dozen, or 42 pounds net to the 30-dozen case; clean, sound in shell, air cell less than ¾ inch in depth; white of egg to be firm; yolk may be distinctly visible but moving freely; air cell stationary but may be slightly tremulous. Maximum allowance at time of inspection not to exceed 8 eggs per half case below the grade stated, excluding hair splits.

Grade (d) Seconds—Eggs sound in shell, may contain weak, watery eggs, eggs with heavy yolks, and all other eggs fit for food. Maximum allowance at time of inspection not to exceed 8 eggs per half case below the grade stated, excluding hair splits.

Class (2) Storage—Eggs which have been "held" under artificial refrigeration at a temperature of 40 degrees Fahrenheit or less, intended to preserve their quality.

Grade (a) Extras—Eggs reasonably uniform in size, weighing at least 23½ ounces to the dozen, or 42 pounds net to the 30-dozen case; clean, sound in shell, air cell less than ¾ inch in depth; white of egg to be firm and yolk moderately visible. Maximum allowance at time of inspection not to exceed 8 eggs per half case below the grade stated, excluding hair splits.

Grade (b) Firsts—Eggs weighing at least 22½ ounces to the dozen, or 42 pounds net to the 30-dozen case; reasonably clean; sound in shell; air cell less than ¾ inch in depth; white of egg to be firm; yolk may be distinctly visible but moving freely; air cell stationary but may be slightly tremulous. Maximum allowance at time of inspection not to exceed 8 eggs per half case below the grade stated, excluding hair splits.

Grade (c) Seconds—Eggs sound in shell, may contain weak, watery eggs, eggs with heavy yolks, and all other eggs fit for food. Maximum allowance at time of inspection not to exceed 8 eggs per half case below the grade stated, excluding hair splits.

Class (e) Cracked and Dirty—Eggs shells of which have been checked or broken, smeared, soiled, or damaged in shell, but fit for food; allowed at time of inspection not to exceed 6 eggs per half case below the grade stated.

Class (f) Every case containing Canadian eggs intended for export out of Canada shall be marked on both ends in a legible and indelible manner, with the name of class and grade of eggs contained therein; and the words "Canadian Eggs."

3. (b) Every case containing eggs that is to be shipped from one province to any other province within Canada in shipment not to exceed hundred cases or more, shall be marked or labelled on both ends with the name of the class and grade of the eggs contained therein according to the Canadian standards and with the name of the country of origin when other than domestic product.

The letters in such markings on the cases specified in this section shall be block letters not less than one inch in height.

4. Every case or container of eggs that is shipped or delivered by persons who receive eggs on consignment or buy eggs for resale shall be marked, labelled or tagged in conspicuous letters on both ends with the name of the class and grade of the eggs contained therein, according to the Canadian Standards, providing that any producer or other person dealing in eggs may decline his right to have the markings, labellings or taggings shall consist of the words "UNGRADED EGGS FOR SHIPMENT ONLY," and provided that the provisions of this regulation shall not apply to shipments or deliveries direct from producer to consumer.

5. Every case or container of eggs that is exposed, displayed or offered for sale by any person selling or delivering eggs direct to consumers in a public place or manner shall be marked, labelled, tagged or accompanied in conspicuous letters with the name of the class and grade of eggs contained therein.

6. Cases or containers of eggs marked with the name of the class and grade shall be considered to be properly marked when they contain not more than an average of six and one-half (6½) percent below grade stated apart from breakage. Complaints to vendors, with respect to eggs below grade specified in this Regulation, within 24 hours of the receipt of such eggs. After the expiration of the said 24 hours the liability as to eggs below grade stated shall be upon the person in whose possession such eggs are found.

7. Every person who sells, offers or displays eggs for sale as a retailer shall cause to be displayed in a prominent place in his place of business a card as may be prescribed setting forth classes and grades of eggs as defined by the Canadian standards.

8. No person shall ship eggs or cause eggs to be shipped or delivered or displayed for sale in cases or containers which are marked or labelled or tagged with the name of any class or grade specified in these Regulations unless the quality and weight of the eggs contained therein is equal to or better than such class or grade.

9. No person shall buy for sale, or sell eggs which are unfit for human food.

10. (1) All persons who receive eggs on consignment or buy eggs for resale, in making payment for same, shall apportion the return on the basis of Canadian standard grades accompanied by a statement on forms as required in schedule "A" to these Regulations, provided that this Regulation shall not apply where producers market their eggs in less than fifteen dozen lots in any one day.

(2) A consignee of ungraded eggs transferring the eggs to another party for candling and grading shall make the transfer within 48 hours from the time the eggs are delivered to the consignee.

(3) The Minister, or his representative, may require to be notified in the case of a transfer for the purpose of candling and grading as mentioned in the next preceding subsection, and may prescribe the conditions under which such transfers may be made.

11. Any inspector charged with the enforcement of these regulations may enter any premises or conveyance to make examination of any case or container of eggs suspected of being improperly or falsely marked in violation of the provisions of these Regulations or to ascertain the manner and extent to which the returns for eggs have been apportioned in accordance with the Canadian standards as required in regulation 10 of these regulations.

12. Eggs shall be packed in sanitary cases with clean, dry, whole flats, and shall be kept in a cool, dry, dark or semi-dark place free from odors which when absorbed by the eggs render them objectionable. These packing and storing conditions shall also apply to eggs in transit.

13. The mark of approval to be placed on each case, hereinafter called the "Government Mark," shall include the Maple Leaf and the words "Canadian Eggs" and "Government Inspected" together with the Inspector's number, the device to be in his form as the Minister may approve.

14. No case containing eggs shall be marked with the Government Mark unless the warehouse or room in which the eggs are held is in a clean and sanitary condition, and further no case shall be marked unless suitable accommodation is provided for inspectors to make the necessary examination, such accommodation to include a dark room, facilities for candling, and such fittings as may be required to insure a proper examination.

15. No person other than a duly appointed inspector shall apply any Government mark to any case containing eggs.

16. No person shall have in his possession any egg case bearing the Government Mark. After the contents of any case bearing the Government Mark have been removed such mark shall be obliterated. This shall be done by the person or persons removing the eggs from the case, or the person or persons receiving the cases when returned from a foreign country.

17. All these Regulations shall become effective from the date of the second publication thereof in The Canada Gazette.

Schedule "A"
 The following is the form of grading statement prescribed in Regulation (18) of the Regulations.

Grading Report
 Quantity.....When received.....
 From.....
 Grade Quantity Price per dozen.....cts. s. cts.

Extras.....
 Firsts.....
 Seconds.....
 Cracked.....
 Dirty.....
 Rots.....
 Leakers.....
 Short.....
 Total.....
 Candler No.....

Everywhere
BRIER
The Tobacco with a heart

FOR YOUR OWN CARE
DON'T WASTE MONEY
IN WESTERN CANADA

1/2 lb. 80¢

THE ECONOMY BUY
(ALSO IN PACKAGES 15¢ & 20¢)

WESTINGHOUSE RADIO SUPPLIES

C. A. LeSAUNIER, Agent for Central Alberta
49, 4th St. N.E., Red Deer.

RADIO OUTFITS INSTALLED, WIRED AND REPAIRED.
Extra Parts in Stock Phone for a Demonstration
PHONE 223 P. O. BOX 205

FARMERS!
Stop, Think and Act

AT THE BASIS OF 75¢ PER BUSHEL, NO. 1 WHEAT, YOUR FLOUR
WILL COST YOU \$2.45 PER CWT. IF MILLED HERE.
If your wheat is not No. 1, we will handle it and give you flour on
the milling basis.

EVERY SACK GUARANTEED
PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL INQUIRIES.

LACOMBE MILLING COMPANY
PHONE 243 LACOMBE ALBERTA

Send Your Tires to Wilson's For

BEST BUILT

RETREADS AND REPAIRS
WILSON'S VULCANIZING WORKS
1st Street S.W.

GOOD SERVICE

Good Restaurant service consists in obtaining the best and purest foods that are procurable, in keeping on hand at all times a variety of foods, in preparing them expertly and sanitarily, in cooking them tastefully and in serving them with speed and courtesy.

OUR MOTTO

in the years we have been in Red Deer has been to give the best service procurable between Edmonton and Calgary, and at the same time to keep prices down.

COMMERCIAL CAFE
CHUCK & MOON, Proprietors

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CANADIAN PACIFIC

WHO'S A COWARD?

By Jack Bechhold

On account of several things, Will Rankin had earned the name of coward among his boy friends. One when he and Fred Strong and half a dozen other classmates had been hunting they had come to a narrow ravine bridged by a fallen tree. All had crossed on the tree except Will. He took a few hesitating steps along the log; his face turned white; his head spun round; his knees knocked together and he ignominiously retreated and spent twenty minutes scrambling through the thick undergrowth and up the steep bank on the opposite side. The boys had thought his act very amusing. Another time he had refused to cross a long high trestle and thus had disgraced the plans for a day's outing. Fred Strong, staunch friend as he was, had been ashamed of Will's conduct.

"I'm sorry," Will said miserably, "but I'm afraid of high places, and I can't help it." And, despite Fred's generous offer to change the route, Will had left the party to go its way and returned sadly home.

He was finally moved to confide his timidity to his father. "My boy, my father was the same way as long as he lived," said Patrick Rankin. "Maybe you can't help it. Just quit worrying about your dear old father. He's not dead, if there is ever any real occasion for you to show bravery, you will rise to the occasion."

One July day Patrick Rankin got a telegram about some land he owned in a neighboring city. At last some one was ready to buy it. If Rankin were prompt, he might sell out and so obtain some capital that would enable him to quit his humble job as caretaker of a big, empty factory building and go into business for himself.

"Will," he said to his son, "you know how to look after the place as well as I do. This is Monday; I'll be back Wednesday night. Ask Fred Strong over to stay with you while I'm gone. If this deal goes through, there'll be brighter times ahead for us."

Fred Strong accepted with pleasure the invitation to stay with Will in the deserted factory. He thought it would be an adventure to live alone in such a mysterious place.

When Patrick Rankin left he gave Will his big bunch of keys and cautioned him about locking doors and windows and making two rounds of inspection through the building every day.

The factory stood on the outskirts of a partly-settled residential district. It was six stories high, and from the rear where it overlooked a steep hill that fell away to the bay two hundred feet below it presented the appearance of a big, gloomy castle.

During the afternoon the two boys went on a trip to the beach. It was long past supper time when they returned. Will unlocked the door leading to the three rooms that he and his father occupied.

"Let's make the rounds before we have supper," he suggested; "then we shan't have that spooky job to worry us after we're done."

The sun was setting when the two boys started out with the jangling keys and an electric torch. The halls were almost pitch dark. The foot-steps of the boys on the wood floor echoed through the empty rooms. By the time they had reached the sixth floor they were out of breath and paused to rest a moment.

"Where does that go?" asked Fred, pointing to a stairway that curved upward from a dark corner of the hall.

"To the roof. Haven't you ever been up there?"

"No, never in my life," said Fred.

"Come along; we'll have a look at the sunset."

At the top of the stairs was a heavy door fastened with a spring lock. Will fumbled through the keys for some time before he found the one that fitted it. When he discovered the right key he pushed the door wide open and hurried on. He left the key-ring dangling from the lock.

They stepped out on a roof as flat as the top of a shoe box and surrounded by a low parapet. Two houses rose like pill boxes from the roof. One sheltered the stairs up which the

boys had come; the other was over the elevator shaft. The house and water tank and a twenty-foot flag pole at one corner were the only objects that broke the flat surface.

To the west the boys could look out across the bay to the mountains, now purple against the sunset. At that side of the building the hill fell away; thus the illusion of great height was increased. From the other side of the roof the boys could see a few houses beyond the side tracks and the vacant land that surrounded the building.

"That's quite a drop, Will. If a fellow fell off here, he'd starve to death before he hit the bottom!" Fred leaned far out over the rear parapet and looked down.

Will hung back from the edge; the old fear of high places was gripped at his heart. His active imagination sent little thrills down his spine whenever he thought of the height over which his friend was so indifferently leaning.

Will walked toward the front of the building, where the outlook was more soothing. Fred joined him. "Not a bad place for a roller-skating rink or a running track," he suggested as he surveyed the smooth, asphalt-topped roof.

At that instant a door banged. The boys looked each into the other's startled face. They raced back to the stairway. The heavy door had blown shut, and the lock was sprung. The key would not turn.

Fred laughed. "Marooned on a roof. How can we get down?"

Will frowned. "I don't know. We're locked up here; the keys are inside the door; everything's shut up tight."

"We must have a good look round," Fred suggested. "We might as well be on a desert island as on this roof. We've got to get down somehow."

They began carefully to examine their strange prison. The roof was quite clean of rubbish of any sort, and it was therefore not possible to build a fire to attract attention.

"We might throw down a message," thought Will, "in a couple of old letters in my pocket that we can write on."

"Scarcely anyone goes past the place," Will objected.

"Well, we've got to get down to-night. I don't want to sleep up here."

Fred began to pace back and forth. At last he paused thoughtfully and looked up at the flag pole. The hat-stands were still in the block, though no flag had been raised there for a building. Fred got the idea.

Excitedly, and running to the rear of the building, looked down. "Is this the only side with a fire escape?" he asked.

"Yes, the only place," answered Will.

"Well, that makes it a little more risky, but I might as well try it."

"Fred, what is it you're going to do?" Will's voice shook.

"Come here," Fred drew Will to the parapet and with an arm over his shoulder encouraged him to look out and look down. "See the top of the fire escape balcony there? Lean out farther; you can just see the top of it under the cornice. I'm going to take the rope out of the flag pole, make it fast to the top of one of the vent pipes, climb down and swing myself until I can drop into the balcony. Then I'll break the window, get the keys and let you out."

Will drew back, shuddering. "O Fred, I wouldn't! Are you sure you can do it?"

"Of course I can. My head's steady. We must hurry, though. It's getting dark. Come and give me a hand with this rope."

They hurried back to the flagpole. Will hastily untied the hatbands and gave one end of the line a jerk. The rope end flew upward, and he began to pull the line through the block. Then the rope jammed.

"Here," cried Fred impatiently, "let me try it!" He gave a sharp tug. The line tangled fast at the top of the pole.

"It's got to come," said Fred stubbornly. He worked the line back and forth in the hope of untangling it; but the rope was unyielding.

He threw off his coat and removed his shoes. "I'm going up after it," he declared. "Give me a boost, Will."

He sprang up the pole and proceeded to "climb it." As he neared the top the slender stick wavered under him, and Will, terrified at the spectacle of his friend swinging out over the void, shut his eyes and said, "I've got it," he heard Fred mutter. "There, that's better. Look out below!"

The rope dropped softly at Will's feet, and the pole vibrated as Fred started to slide down. A moment later Will heard a sudden gasp and pain and a thud. Then he saw Fred lying sprawled out on the asphalt roof.

Fred had fallen! What the matter? Fred had fallen! What the matter? Fred had fallen! What the matter?

"Your arm? How did you do it?" Will happened.

Will bent over his friend and tenderly raised him to a sitting posture. Fred's face looked pallid even in the rosy light of the sunset. One arm hung limp in the sleeve.

"O-o-o-h! Ouch! he groaned. "I was sliding down, and my head struck a nail in the pole. I let go and fell."

Fred's body grew suddenly heavy in Will's arms, and Will almost dropped him to the roof. Fred had fainted.

Will filled his cap at the water tank and dashed the contents over Fred's face. He had but a hazy notion what to do for him. He knew that the broken arm should be made fast in a splint, but how? And where could he find a splint of which to make one?

One thing he could do. Ripping the sleeve from the broken arm with his pocket knife, which was fortunately sharp and strong, he carefully removed Fred's coat. Then he rolled it into a pillow for his friend's head and placed his own coat over him. It was growing dark.

Presently Fred's eyes opened, and he moaned. "What are we going to do? What will become of us?"

Will felt that it was no time to be moaning their fate. "I'll get you fixed up some way," he said in what he intended to be a cheery tone, but his voice trembled. "Let me get a bandage round your arm first."

He cut the shirt sleeve from the injured arm and ripped it into two pieces. With them he bound the broken part firmly while Fred wept with the pain of it. When Will finished, he paced back and forth on the roof, racking his brain for some way out of their fix. Of course they should not starve, for his father would be back in two days, but Fred should have immediate medical attention. Perhaps he would lose the arm if a doctor did not treat him soon.

Fred had again fainted. It was dark now; the afterglow had faded, and clouds covered the sky. Lights were appearing in the distant houses. "I only dared go down the rope!" thought Will.

LIMBS AND BODY ALL SWOLLEN

"Fruit-a-lives" Relieved Both Dropsy and Sick Kidneys

The Wonder of Fruit Medicine

Those who know they have Kidney Trouble with pain in their back and legs—who are up frequently at night—who welcome the new "Fruit-a-lives" medicine made from fruit juices and tonics, will positively relieve Kidney and Bladder Dropsy—no matter how bad.

"Our little girl had Kidney Trouble and Dropsy—her limbs and body were all swollen. We decided to try 'Fruit-a-lives'. In a short time, the swelling went down. Now she's the healthiest one in the family."

W. M. WARREN, Port Robinson, Ont. At dealers or from "Fruit-a-lives" Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

An hour passed and another, and it seemed to him that he had spent a lifetime on the roof. Once he heard someone passing and ran to the parapet to call wildly for help. There was no answer, and the wayfarer was soon gone. "Probably he had not heard Will's voice, for the boy was one hundred and fifty feet above the earth, and the wide, overhanging cornice that curved out from the parapet would intercept the sound."

Fred had dropped into a daze—or was it a faint? Will passed his hand over his companion's face; the skin on his forehead was hot. Fred was becoming feverish.

"If I don't get help, he may die," thought Will. "If he should die, it would be my fault."

He sprang to his feet and with trembling hands picked up the flag hatbands and stuffed them down his trousers, and fast to the water tank and tested it by throwing his weight upon it. It withstood every test. Then he hastened to the rear of the building. As he tried to open one end of the line fast to the slippery metal pipe, which stood a foot above the surface of the roof, his hands trembled so that they would not be the knot.

"I'm nothing but a flunker," he said and groaned. "I'm afraid!"

Just where was the fire escape beneath him? He had to lean far out to see, and, accustomed though his eyes had become to the gloom, it was a long time before they could detect the dark shadow of the building. He threw the end of the rope over the cornice and the slippery black space. Was it long enough?

Will went back to Fred. The injured boy was still unconscious, lying groaning pitifully. "Fred, I'm going down the rope. You're afraid! Don't try it; you'll lose your head and fall!"

"We can't stay here till morning! I don't know what it would do to your arm. I've got to go."

"Then keep the rope! That will give you something to hold to. And take off your shoes, so that you can wrap your feet round it. Wait, help me over there. I've got to see if it's fastened right."

With Will's aid Fred got to the edge of the roof. He felt carefully over the knot on the pipe with his uninjured hand. "It's all right—it doesn't seem to me as if I'm doing it with my foot; that will help a little."

Will tied knots in the line every three feet or so. "Is it long enough?" he asked in a husky voice.

"It ought to be; it's forty feet. But the cornice is out so far that I'm not sure. Can you climb up again if I let it?"

Will swallowed hard. "No," he said miserably.

"Well, then, don't go."

"Well, then, remember when you get down opposite the balcony you'll be five feet or more away from it. You've got to swing yourself on the line until you can swing over it, then let go."

"Yes," Will was removing his shoes. "Good-by, Fred."

"Well, long, Will! You're a good old scout!" Fred extended his arm, and their hands met awkwardly.

The injured boy was seated with his back to the parapet and with his feet braced against the pipe so as to keep the knotted rope from slipping up. He could see through the darkness that there was a little danger that that would happen.

Will thrust one foot over the parapet and grasped the rope tight in his hands. Then he rolled over on his side and twisted his feet in the line. He and Fred might be parting forever, but there was nothing more to say. Fred's head was bowed, and he trusted his weight to it. He held. Slowly he relaxed foot and hand and slipped down with sickening speed. He clung tight again and checked his slide. Then he shut his eyes.

Now his feet were over the edge of the cornice, and the next movement dropped his body swiftly down. Would the rope hold? The question had become a prayer.

When he checked his descent he was free of the cornice and dangling in midair. He dared not look down; he dared not open his eyes.

With painful caution he moved his hands to the next knot and found them steady. If Fred remained conscious and able to hold the rope on the pipe, he could see through the darkness that there was a little danger that that would happen.

Another move and another. Then his feet, groping for the rope, encountered only space.

He had reached the end! He must open his eyes now. If the line were long enough and hung from the right place, he could reach the balcony. If not—

He clung with desperation and opened his eyes.

The sight of the dark wall not far away and the outline of the fire escape were before him. He was not more than five feet from the balcony and was nearly on a level with it. He swung himself up and clung to the railing. The crucial moment had come, for he dared not climb back; he could only cling where he was and already his hands were cut and bleeding.

His teeth closed over his under lip, and he kicked out.

From twisting slowly his body began to oscillate in a widening arc. The new movement redoubled the pain in his arm. He must let go soon.

Now his body was swinging in a dizzy sweep across the void, toward the wall—out again—in a moment more and his feet would touch the bricks directly over the balcony. They touched and he let go.

Will dropped in a heap on the iron work; one leg hung through the opening to the iron ladder below. He clung tight and lay where he was, breathless and half fainting, but instinctively grasping the solid iron bars.

It was almost five minutes before he recovered sufficiently to shout a word of encouragement to Fred. There was no reply, for Fred had fainted. Will broke a pane of the hall window. Then he reached in, unfettered the catch and, raising the lower sash, quickly crawled inside.

A quarter of an hour later a coastless, hatless, breathless boy in his stocking-feet rattled at the door of his neighbor, Dr. Parker.

"Never again in a million years!" Will declared to his father as he described the adventure a few days later. "I dream about it. I'm a coward about heights, and I don't care who knows it!"

W. R. FOWLER, Agent.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

Change of Time, Effective January 6, 1924.

Westbound—Mon, Wed, and Fri. Leave Big Valley 6:30 a.m. Arrive Red Deer 8:15 p.m. Leave Red Deer 12:45 a.m. Arrive R. M. House 2:50 p.m. Leave R. M. House 4:00 p.m. Arrive Bruneau 5:15 p.m.

Eastbound—Tues, Thurs, and Sat. Leave Bruneau 6:00 a.m. Arrive R. M. House 10:00 a.m. Leave R. M. House 10:30 a.m. Arrive Red Deer 2:20 p.m. Leave Red Deer 3:35 p.m. Arrive Stettin 5:15 p.m.

W. R. FOWLER, Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

TRAIN SERVICE

Times for trains at Red Deer will be:

Northbound: Daily—Will arrive 4:55 a.m. Leave 5:00 a.m. 5:55 a.m. 5:40 p.m. Daily except Sundays—No. 283 11:40 a.m. 11:50 a.m.

Southbound: Daily—No. 526 10:25 a.m. 10:30 a.m. No. 222 10:45 a.m. 10:55 a.m. Daily except Sundays—No. 524 3:30 p.m. 3:35 p.m.

Monday, Wednesday, Friday—No. 613, Leave at 12:15.

Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, No. 614 Arrive at 10:20 a.m.

For further particulars apply to any Ticket Agent.

J. E. PROCTOR, District Passenger Agent, Calgary.

"We Want Your Business"

New Garage Service

Following our policy of expanding our business from time to time, we have secured more floor space and will specialize in over-hauling and repairing FORD and CHEVROLET CARS.

We will guarantee our work and give you the best we have in this line.

PRICES RIGHT

Genuine Ford Parts Vulcanizing Gregory Tires

WEAVER TIRE SERVICE

These Phones are for you: Res. Phone 134, Shop 382

Red Deer Memorial Hospital

Hospital Insurance 1924, \$6.00

Any resident of the City of Red Deer paying the sum of \$6.00 on or before January 31st, 1924, will be entitled to receive hospital treatment in the Red Deer Memorial Hospital for himself or herself and for all dependent members of his or her family living in the City of Red Deer for \$1.00 per day during the year 1924.

Cut out and fill in the form below and send it with \$6.00 to the undersigned. If you are a property owner, the amount or the proportion of the \$6.00 paid will be credited to your hospital tax on property for 1924.

A. T. STEPHENSON, Secretary-Treasurer.

Name in full

Street address

Occupation

Names of dependent members of family living in the City of Red Deer:

LOOK!

We do plumbing and repairing. We handle roofing and galvanized tanks. We give prompt service and guarantee satisfaction.

N. M. Burnett

Next to Jarvis-Goodey's

J. PERCIVAL & SON

Save You Money

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RED DEER

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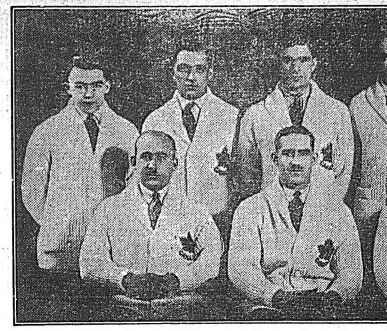
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The best equipped shop between Calgary and Edmonton. It costs no more to have your clothes pressed on our steam press than by the old methods which only press the dirt into the fabrics.

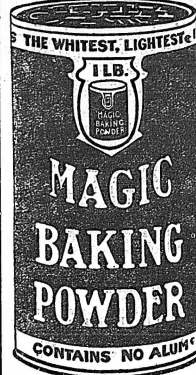
Opposite Ford Garage

First Street S.



CANADIAN OLYMPIC HOCKEY TEAM 1924

Canadian Olympic Hockey Team, 1924, Which Sailed for France on Canadian Pacific S.S. "Montcalm," January 11th.
Top row, from left to right: Harold McMunn, right wing; Albert J. McCaffery, left wing; Reg. (Hockey) Smith, centre; Beattie Ramsay, defence; Ernie J. Collier, goal; Cyril (Sig) Slater, left wing; Jack Cameron, goal. Bottom row: Peter G. Campbell, Harry E. Watson, left wing; W. A. Hewitt, sporting editor, Toronto "Star," Canadian Olympic hockey representative; Dunc, Munro, captain, and Frank J. Rankin, coach.



INTER-CHURCH DEBATES

Young People's Societies Thrash Out the Question of Excluding Oriental Races—Methodists Get the Decision Over Anglicans; Presbyterians Win from Baptists—Winners Will Try Conclusions Later.

Monday evening saw the first round of the series of debates which have been arranged between the Young People's Societies of the various churches. Messrs. W. F. Harris and W. H. Pearson, representing the St. Luke's A. Y. P. S., were visitors at the Methodist church hall, where they debated with Messrs. Hal. Gaetz and Art. Davidson, representatives of the Methodist Y.P.S. The Baptists were represented at the Presbyterian hall by Messrs. Norman Loughheed and Roy Johnson, their opponents being Mr. Bruce Springbett and Miss Mae Stewart.

Methodist-Anglican
Mr. Hal. Gaetz, leader of the affirmative in the proposition "Resolved, That it is Desirable to Exclude Oriental Races from Canada," based his argument upon four points. First of all, he contended that the question of admitting Orientals into Canada, a right, Nor. He argued that Canada, with her 7 million whites, was liable to be swamped with undesirable elements if she tolerated the entrance of even a small fraction of the 400 million Asiatics. Thirdly, there was no approach, even to mental, social or racial equality between these foreigners and ourselves. Lastly, this influx was not real or permanent, but a mere temporary measure, which the Oriental accumulated a competence which he fully intended to spend in his own country. Mr. Pearson, who followed, opened by reciting Leigh Hunt's well-known poem, "Abou Ben Adhem," and pleaded for consideration of the terribly congested condition of the Asiatic countries, as opposed to the sparse population of the vast country we inhabit, with its millions of square miles "crying for settlement." The second speakers on each side were concerned chiefly with answering these arguments, rather than advancing new ones. The matter of cheap labor, and its effect on white wages, was dealt with and answered with a reminder that cheap wages meant cheap goods, and that what we lost as producers we gained as consumers.

Each of the four speakers was allowed fifteen minutes, and the affirmative side, by a vote of 10 to 8, won the debate. Rev. W. G. Brown, who acted as judge, gave the audience a detailed criticism of each of the speeches in turn. His remarks made it plain that he had followed the argument with great care, and that he did not spare any of them altogether from adverse criticism. The main burden of this was that good, sound arguments were used, but not developed as they should have been. The affirmative side had covered too much ground, and the negative, in its haste to answer everything, had merely scotched the arguments they might have killed. Mr. Brown's criticisms were fair and impartial, and very much to the point. Giving 60 points for argument, 20 for style and 20 for language, he awarded the debate to the affirmative side, with 143 points, against 137 for the negative.

Before and after the debate itself, and while the judges were deliberating, excellent music was provided by four members of the Methodist Sunday School orchestra. This orchestra includes Mr. M. M. Cook, leader, violin; Miss E. Galbraith, piano; Misses A. Trillatre and V. Trimble, violins; Mr. E. Galbraith, cornet; and Mr. G. M. England, saxophone. Miss Gerlie Smith also rendered a very nice solo, accompanying herself on the piano.

Baptist-Presbyterian
The Young People's Societies of the Baptist and Presbyterian churches met on Monday night, to debate on the question of admitting Orientals into Canada.

Training and experiences, such as have been mentioned, helpful as they are, would be of little avail were they not accompanied by a broad understanding of the "teen age girl, her fair-mindedness, her efficiency, her originality and her youthful joyousness, are qualities that would make her a leader whether appointed by a Board or only by her own group. With the girls she loves so well, her faith is unbounded in the instinctive goodness of girls and in the C. G. plan of four fold development, intellectual, physical, spiritual and social, to help in bringing to fruition the best and noblest that is in each.

No account of Miss Story would be complete without a mention of her letters. Ministering as she does to a constituency extending from the Americas to the Adabachas, she cannot be present with all the groups who desire her services, and it is inevitable that much of her work be done by correspondence. The inspiration and direction she succeeds in imparting to her group leaders and girls by her pen have made smooth many a rough road and given courage for a new venture. We have just the way. Her creed may be summed up in a sentence from a recent letter, "Our friends are the people that all worth while things come to pass and we must go constantly to the giver of all life, and let us never get our small stock renewed."

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PEACE COMING TO EUROPE
The relations between France and Germany seem to be improving. The chance is due to the recognition by Germany that France will not tolerate any more evasions of the Versailles treaty. The German government has accepted the fact that it is accepted, and the policy of the German Republic is seen to be a willingness to meet the just demands of the French, the latter will assist in making it possible. Resistance must give way to co-operation. The cost of the war cannot appear to be in that direction. As a consequence, the occupation of the Ruhr is being ended. Thus France is showing a desire to give opportunity for the rehabilitation of the Teutonic Republic. The cost of the war cannot appear to be in that direction. As a consequence, the occupation of the Ruhr is being ended. Thus France is showing a desire to give opportunity for the rehabilitation of the Teutonic Republic.

Wherever you find a big, flourishing business you will find behind it a strong, pushing man of indomitable spirit, driven by the power of these 5 words—"I can and I will." This man advertises—he MUST deliver his message to those with ears to hear. Multiplied customers and larger turnovers are absolutely essential to his progress.

A WORD TO THE PUBLIC
Help on the business of those who show themselves eager to have your custom—who invite it and prize it enough to ask for it. Shop where you receive the best service, values, and goods. Reward with your favor those who solicit your favor by messages addressed to you each week in our advertising columns.

"Are you the chump that wrote up that 'recruiting bally' the editor said to the quaking reporter. 'Oh, you are! Well, look here. Among the prettiest girls in the room was Colonel Oldant. Nice rabbi, that is. The Colonel's a man, I suppose, isn't he?'
"He may be," said the reporter, brazenly, "but that is where he was."

The Affirmative side of the issue was upheld by the Presbyterian Y.P., represented by Bruce Springbett, leader, and Miss Mae Stewart. The Negative was taken by the Baptist Y.P., represented by Norman Loughheed and Roy Johnson. Both sides of the question were ably handled and the debaters were highly commended by the judges for the excellent points brought out, Mr. Bruce Springbett's robustness at the conclusion being very effective.

The judges were Dr. Sanders and Mr. W. E. Payne, who followed the debate and gave some helpful suggestions to the debaters, and declared the Affirmative winners. Frank Mirtle and Miss Paul were in charge.

"Yet I tell mine wife gooder"
"She dakes it to her mooder right away, and quivick as neter vos id is eferyhere."

THE WINDSOR HOTEL
RED DEER
One Block south of C.P.R. Station.
Clean, warm rooms 75c to \$1.00
Rooms and Bath \$1.00 and \$1.25
Special rates by the week or month.
E. WADSON, Proprietor.

Don't Lose Your Temper
Auto Repairing
We will find out what is wrong with your car very quickly and correct the wrong with ease. To let trouble run is to make more trouble and eventually your car will be ruined. Better drive it to our shop to-day.

Closed Car for Taxi Service at All Hours.
Comfort in all kinds of weather
CNDATE and LARSON
Phone 33

Larger Business
If the business of any retailer in this community is to grow bigger in the years to come, it will not be a matter of accident or due to an increase of population only—it will be the result of intelligence, added to energy, plus ADVERTISING.

Wherever you find a big, flourishing business you will find behind it a strong, pushing man of indomitable spirit, driven by the power of these 5 words—"I can and I will." This man advertises—he MUST deliver his message to those with ears to hear. Multiplied customers and larger turnovers are absolutely essential to his progress.

A WORD TO THE PUBLIC
Help on the business of those who show themselves eager to have your custom—who invite it and prize it enough to ask for it. Shop where you receive the best service, values, and goods. Reward with your favor those who solicit your favor by messages addressed to you each week in our advertising columns.

"Are you the chump that wrote up that 'recruiting bally' the editor said to the quaking reporter. 'Oh, you are! Well, look here. Among the prettiest girls in the room was Colonel Oldant. Nice rabbi, that is. The Colonel's a man, I suppose, isn't he?'
"He may be," said the reporter, brazenly, "but that is where he was."

Here and There

A new record has been established by the Department of Marine and Fisheries in the number of white fish eggs collected for hatchery purposes in the Great Lakes and the Lake of the Woods. A total of 464,600,000 eggs were obtained, which exceeds all previous collections in the province of Ontario.

A new deposit of soapstone has been discovered on Trap Lake, a small lake south of Wabigoon Lake, in northwestern Ontario. The quality of the stone has been found to be excellent for various industrial uses, and practical trials are under way. Water transportation is available direct from the deposits to Wabigoon and Dryden, on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

It is announced by the Canadian Pacific Railway that two free scholarships covering four years' tuition in architecture, chemical, civil, mechanical, electrical, or engineering at McGill University, are offered, subject to competitive examinations, to apprentices and other employees enrolled on the permanent staff of the company and under 21 years of age, and to minor sons of employees.

Canada's fisheries' production during 1923 is estimated to be worth \$40,000,000. At the beginning of the year it was not thought that anything like this mark would be reached for the Fordney tariff had cut deeply into exports to the United States. But as the year wore on the demand and prices generally improved, thus giving fishermen along the Atlantic coast especially a much better market.

Approximately \$5,000,000 will be spent by the Dominion Coal Company to open up a new mine and colliery at Lingan, Nova Scotia, and construction of a branch line of railway to the new site has already been started. The new colliery will be equipped with every modern device, and a model town will be planned in its vicinity. It will have a capacity of some 2,000 tons daily.

The tenth annual Ski Tournament will be held at Revelstoke, February 6th and 6th, in connection with which ski-jumping, tobogganing, snowshoeing, skating, etc., will be featured. An endeavor is being made to secure the attendance of Ugo Hilstrom, Sweden's champion ski-jumper, as well as other famous ski-jumpers from both Canada and the United States.

Canada in 1923 produced more coal, lead, cobalt and asbestos than during any other year since mining records have been kept. The output of coal was in the neighborhood of 17,300,000 tons, or 615,000 tons better than the best previous record, and 2,000,000 tons over that in 1922. The output of copper, nickel, cement and asbestos was also much above that for the preceding years. Asbestos production was down somewhat, but this was due more to a power shortage than anything else.

As a result of efforts on the part of Hon. J. A. Robb, Minister of Immigration and Colonization, a 20 per cent. preference rate on Atlantic passages for all British immigrants settling in Canada has been arranged to come into effect on March 1 and continue until the end of the main immigration season at the end of November. It will apply only to British immigrants coming direct to Canada from the British Isles, and will affect all lines coming to Canadian Atlantic ports.

Three delightful cruises have been awarded to agents of the Canadian Pacific Railway for services rendered to the company during the past year. One of them, J. J. Forster, general agent at Vancouver, will sail on a round-the-world cruise the "Empress of Canada." W. C. Casey, general agent at Winnipeg, will spend sixty-eight days cruising the Mediterranean on the "Empress of Scotland," while D. R. Kennedy, general agent at Buffalo, will enjoy a twenty-nine-day cruise in the West Indies on the "Empress of Britain." The trips were awarded by the company in recognition of last year's work in connection with cruise bookings.

NOT FOOD, BUT MEDICINE

A story that might prove useful to preachers is told by Alfred Rowland. It concerns a minister who, whilst preaching one Sunday, was interrupted by a disgruntled listener, who could stand the sermon no longer, by the remark, "It's not food." "No," said the minister, equal to the occasion, "it may not be food, but it's medicine, and it's medicine you need." The preacher, if he be true to his duty, cannot always give "food." Sometimes the medicine—and on occasion, perhaps, bitter medicine—is needed, and the one can be just as justifiable as the other.

EXAMINER'S REVIEW OF PROVINCIAL MARKETS

Calgary, January 24th

Cattle—Beef—Calgary receipts light early in the week; prices about steady on later arrivals; choice heavy and light steers, \$5.25 to \$5.50; good, \$4.25 to \$5.25; medium, \$3 to \$4; common, \$2 to \$3. Choice fat heifers, \$4; plain ones, \$2.75 to \$3.50. Choice fat cows, \$3.25 to \$3.50; good, \$2.50 to \$3; medium, \$2 to \$2.25; common, \$1.50 to \$2; canners, \$1 to \$1.25. Bulls unselected, tops at \$2; others \$1 to \$1.50. Calves steady, (on \$4.50; good and average, \$3.50 to \$4.50; poor, \$3 to \$3.50. Some heavy steers taken up to \$4.50; most of the good ones \$4.25 to \$4.50 on plain; stocker steers, \$2.75 to \$3.75; stocker heifers, \$2 to \$2.75; stocker cows, \$1.50 to \$2.

Beef—Edmonton market holds steady on choice beef and choice heavy and light steers, \$5 to \$5.25; good, \$4.25 to \$4.75; average, \$3.50 to \$4; common, \$2.50 to \$3. Choice heifers, \$3.50 to \$4; good, \$3 to \$3.50. Choice cows, \$2.50 to \$3.50; good, \$2 to \$3.25; medium, \$2.50 to \$3; common, \$2 to \$2.50; canners, \$1 to \$1.50. Choice bulls will make \$2.50; others \$1 to \$1.25. Choice veal, \$5 to \$5.50; plain calves, \$3 to \$3.50. Feeders, \$2.50 to \$3.50. Stocker steers, \$2.50 to \$3.50. Stocker heifers, \$2.50 to \$3.50. Stocker cows, \$1.50 to \$2.

Hogs—Calgary receipts light this week to Wednesday when sales were at \$7 to \$7.10, with a few at \$7.25, thick smooths; bacon 10 percent premium. Today's sales at \$7 to \$7.25. Edmonton hog prices uncertain, but selling higher with prices advanced to \$6.75 to \$6.85, thick smooths, off feed; premium 10 percent on bacon.

Not many handled in Calgary this week; quoted lambs up to \$1.50; ewes, \$5.50 to \$5.75; fat ewes from \$9 down.

Sheep receipts at Edmonton light; lambs up to \$1.15, yearlings, \$9 to \$10; ewes, \$5 to \$5.50 on fat ones.

Notwithstanding bearish reports regarding the wheat market, the prices continue to hold up very well. On coarse grains there will not be much inquiry for a little while, but prospects are that these quotations will for a while follow the trend of the wheat market.

Butter—Butterfat—Cheese—Creamery Butter—Prices unchanged and production takes care locally; some storage shipped to Vancouver. Butterfat—Receipts are fluctuating with the weather, but no serious interruption expected; prices unchanged on basis of 36c specials. Dairy Butter—Very little finding its way to the central markets; fancy table grade, 30c to 32c at the market stalls. Cheese—Prices down to 25c on williams and 21c on swiss.

Eggs—Calgary dealers paying 35c on extras; 34c on firsts; 32c on seconds; 17c on cracks. Poultry—Market up on good dressed fowl; dressed turkeys, 15c to 20c; No. 1, 16c to 18c; No. 2, 14c to 16c; No. 3, 12c to 14c; No. 4, 10c to 12c; No. 5, 8c to 10c; No. 6, 6c to 8c; No. 7, 4c to 6c; No. 8, 2c to 4c; No. 9, 1c to 2c; No. 10, 1c to 2c; No. 11, 1c to 2c; No. 12, 1c to 2c; No. 13, 1c to 2c; No. 14, 1c to 2c; No. 15, 1c to 2c; No. 16, 1c to 2c; No. 17, 1c to 2c; No. 18, 1c to 2c; No. 19, 1c to 2c; No. 20, 1c to 2c; No. 21, 1c to 2c; No. 22, 1c to 2c; No. 23, 1c to 2c; No. 24, 1c to 2c; No. 25, 1c to 2c; No. 26, 1c to 2c; No. 27, 1c to 2c; No. 28, 1c to 2c; No. 29, 1c to 2c; No. 30, 1c to 2c; No. 31, 1c to 2c; No. 32, 1c to 2c; No. 33, 1c to 2c; No. 34, 1c to 2c; No. 35, 1c to 2c; No. 36, 1c to 2c; No. 37, 1c to 2c; No. 38, 1c to 2c; No. 39, 1c to 2c; No. 40, 1c to 2c; No. 41, 1c to 2c; No. 42, 1c to 2c; No. 43, 1c to 2c; No. 44, 1c to 2c; No. 45, 1c to 2c; No. 46, 1c to 2c; No. 47, 1c to 2c; No. 48, 1c to 2c; No. 49, 1c to 2c; No. 50, 1c to 2c; No. 51, 1c to 2c; No. 52, 1c to 2c; 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Many Face Powders

Why don't you tell us what you want? That's the kind we have. Pompeian, Djer Kiss, Mary Garden, Armand's, Coty's, Yardley's, Houbigant, Rivers', Bourjois, Woodbury's, Day Dream and many others.

Goggles

Sun glare on snow demands goggles. We have them to suit. 25c to \$1.00

Hot Water Bottles
A good Hot Water Bottle is a necessity in every home. Ours are guaranteed.

Price \$2 and \$3

A Good Toilet Soap
Radio Cold Cream Toilet Soap. Cleans and softens the skin.

Price 3 for 25c

A Good Cough Syrup
Riker's Syrup of Tar with Extract of Cod Liver Oil. An effective cough remedy. Price 25c and 50c.

Good Candy

Ours is always fresh. Special this week. Glazed Dates, 50c lb.



Warm weather and all its outdoor interests certainly test the sticking qualities of face powder.

FACE POWDER Jonteel

with the new cold cream base is so soft and clinging that it will adhere perfectly, no matter how warm the day nor how strong the breeze.

Jonteel blends with the complexion so naturally that it does not give the slightest suggestion of a "made-up" look.

Gaetz-Cornett Drug & Book Co.

THE **Rexall** STORE



Optometry

The name is strange to some persons. It is the modern name for the science which measures the range and power of vision; searches the eye to learn its exact conditions and applies glasses when they are needed. See a registered optometrist for eye-strain or any other optical trouble.

H. H. Humber Jeweller and Registered Optometrist
RED DEER, ALTA.

A New Year Resolution

Start 1924 by buying your lumber where you can get Quality, Service and full value for your money. Complete Stock of Building Material always on hand.

Manning-Sutherland Lumber Company, Ltd.

P. C. PEDERSON, Local Manager, Phone 323
CHAS. SINCLAIR, Assistant Manager, Phone 244
Office Phone 77



Saturday SPECIALS of Choice Meats

10lbs. No. 1 Chuck Roast \$1.00
No. 1 Round Steak 15c per lb.
No. 1 Boils 5c to 8c per lb.

Here's What You Are Looking For
Choice Shoulder Roast Pork 12 1-2c per lb.
Legs Roast Pork 15c per lb.
Pork Sausage 2lbs. for 25c

Choice Veal, Lamb, Fish and Poultry Always in Stock.
Also Cured and Cooked Meats

ALBERTA MEAT MARKET

WILSON & TEASDALE, Props.

JOHNSON'S REPAIRS

ALWAYS THE BEST—YET COST NO MORE

E. G. JOHNSON

Watchmaker and Jeweler Red Deer



H. G. STONE & SONS

Funeral Directors & Embalmers
Agents for Funeral Flowers
Phones 172, 173, 174, 219

AMBULANCE

130, Gaetz Avenue South
(Residence next door)

HOCKEY GAMES BOOKED

On Saturday night next, at 8.15, the Ogden hockey team (Calgary) will be the opponent of Red Deer on local ice. This team is an exceptionally fast aggregation, and a thrilling game may be looked for. On account of the heavy expense of getting this team here, the price of admission on Saturday night will be, adults 50c, children 25c.

In the Big Five League, Leduc will be here on Monday night next. The last time Leduc played in our city the score was 6-5 in 20 minutes overtime. Don't miss this second contest.

COMING EVENTS

Listed as one of the best pictures of the month—"Big Brother."

The O.P.R. employees' dance has been announced for March 14th.

The W.M.S. of Knox Church will have a tea and sale of cooking on February 9th.

The Alexandra Club are holding a card party and dance on Friday, February 8th, in the P. Hall.

The Horticultural Society are holding a card party on 22nd February, 1924, at the Alexandra Hall. Refreshments.

The regular meeting of St. Luke's W.A. will be held on Wednesday next, February 28th, at 3 o'clock in Alexandra Hall.

Court whist at the Alexandra Hall, February 22nd, under the auspices of the Horticultural Society. Refreshments will follow cards.

The Methodist Choir will hold a silver tea and sale on Saturday, February 2nd, from 3 to 6.

There will be a box social at Edwell on Friday night, 1st February, at 8 o'clock. The entire programme comes from Red Deer. Don't miss it.

Springvale Ladies' Aid are holding a program and taffy social at the Springvale school house on Wednesday, January 30th, at 8 o'clock.

The Willing Workers of the Baptist Church will hold a silver tea in the afternoon, and a business men's supper from 5 to 7, in the Alexandra Hall, on February 18th.

Do not delay paying your \$6.00 hospital tax. This tax must be paid before you can get \$1.00 per day hospital treatment. You cannot wait until someone gets sick and then become a hospital supporter. See adv.

There will be a Leap Year dance and box social at Poplar Ridge school on Friday, February 1st, under the auspices of the U.P.W.A. There will also be cards for those who wish to play a good music. Proceeds go towards a piano.

Basketball game—Red Deer "Bobs" vs. High School boys. Tuesday, February 5th, in the Armouries, at 8 p.m. sharp. Admission, 25c and 50c. The girls are trying to raise enough money to pay their expenses to Edmonton. Give them your support.

Hospital insurance is an absolute necessity. If you do not have it, use the hospital during the year you will not miss the \$6.00 you pay. If you do have to use it, your saving of money will pay your hospital insurance for some years. See adv.

HEINTZMAN PIANO FOR SALE OR RENT. About new. H. H. Humber. Red Deer. Jan. 30.

PURE BREED MAMMOTH BRONZE Turkeys. Toms, \$4; Hens, \$3. Mrs. Allam, R.R. No. 2, Lacombe. Phone 1611. Jan. 23, 2w

FOUND—BY A. MOHRISON. A bunch of keys, Thursday last, on Centre Street east. Owner can have same at this office by paying for this ad. Jan. 30, 1w.

FOR SALE, CHEAP FOR CASH—One 17x22 L.H.G. Hay Baler, horse power—Strong & Parsons, Rocky Mountain House. Jan. 30, 3w.

"LARGE ENGLISH BLACKS." THE coming bacon breed; no sunburn; good runners; one seven months boar for sale. Registered in buyer's name. \$25.00—Steel Bros., R.R.3, Red Deer. Jan. 23, 2w

FOR SALE—FOUR BARRED Plymouth Rock Cockerels, Robert Murray's breeding. Apply to J. Colison, Red Deer. Jan. 23, 3w.

FOR SALE—AN EXTRA QUALITY new Coonskin Coat, costing \$250. Will be sold for \$175, because it is too large for owner. Apply to Box ABC, News Office. Red Deer, Jan. 23, 3w.

TO RENT—47 ACRES ADJOINING West Park, on River. 6 acres under cultivation. 1 1/2 miles from Post Office. Apply to W. A. Cassels, Red Deer. Jan. 15, 4w

NOTICE TO DOG OWNERS.

All owners of dogs must procure licenses for 1924 at once. They may be obtained from the undersigned at any time. A. T. STREATHFIELD, Chief of Police. Jan. 30, 1w.

TENDERS WANTED

Separate tenders will be received by the undersigned for 10 tons of coal, delivered at the Municipal schoolhouse by March 1, and 15 ricks of 16 inch green post oak wood, split and piled in the school yard. Tenders to be in by February 10.

C. J. BACON, Sec'y-Treas., Municipal S.D. No. 22, 4-1, P.O. Box 367, Red Deer.

GEO. SHELINE Buys Beef Hide and Raw Furs. 209-215 Gaetz Ave. North Jan. 8, 5w



WASKASOO LODGE NO. 16.

Every Monday night at 8 p.m. in the Michener Block.

LOCAL NEWS

The Veterans' executive have decided that unless people stop crossing the Memorial boulevards charges will be laid against offenders.

Jan. Brody will receive congratulations from friends on the safe arrival from the Crimea of his mother, Mrs. H. Brody, and his brother and sister. They recount heart-rending stories of the hardships the people of that part of Russia have had to contend with the last few years.

Some people asked to pay the \$6.00 hospital tax this year and had to use the hospital. The extra amount they paid would have paid their hospital tax for over 10 years. See adv.

ADVERTISE WHERE IT WILL BE READ

A lady in the city lost a gold wrist watch on Sunday. She put a 50c ad. in The News on Wednesday, and the watch was returned to her at once.

POULTRY ASSOCIATION ELECT 1924 OFFICERS

At the annual meeting of the Red Deer Poultry and Pet Stock Association held in the city hall on Tuesday evening, the following officers were elected:—Hon. President—Hon. Geo. Houdley. Hon. Vice-Presidents—G. W. Smith, M.P.P.; Mayor Colahan; H. G. Stone, President Agricultural Society; John Quigley.

President—Ed. Gehrke, re-elected. First Vice-Pres.—H. K. Byers. Second Vice-Pres.—J. M. Curesadden. Secretary—M. M. Cook, re-elected. Directors—T. S. Stanway, P. Nelson, Alex. Grey, W. T. H. Hogg, C. H. Hogg, J. Pearson, Gordon Payne, N. M. Burnett.

The Secretary-Treasurer reported a very successful show, and while the financial report was not complete, the Association will have a nice balance from their winter show.

The meeting was well attended, and ways and means of improving the show and getting more of the people of the town and district interested were discussed. It was suggested that the 1924 show have some classes exclusively for the farmers of the district.

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

Twelve of the Most Satisfactory According to the Dominion Horticulturist

In giving a descriptive list in his annual report of some fifty varieties of ornamental shrubs tested at the Dominion Experimental Farms and Stations during the past thirty-six years, with notes as to their hardiness and attractiveness, the Dominion Horticulturist, Mr. W. T. Macoun, records that there has been a great increase in Canada in recent years of interest in the beautifying of home grounds. The report contains a list of twelve satisfactory ornamental shrubs, or groups of shrubs for general use in order of blooming, and covering the seasons. These are: Spiraea arguta, blooms the third week of May, has white flowers, and grows to a height of 3 to 4 ft.; Caragana frutex, var. grandiflora, blooms third week of May, height 4 to 6 ft., large bright yellow flowers; Lonicera tatarica and varietal, blooms third week of May, height 5 to 10 ft., bright pink flowers; Lilacs in variety; Spiraea Van Houttei, blooms first week of June, grows to 3 to 5 ft., and has white flowers; Viburnum Opulus, blooms second week of June, height 5 to 8 ft., large clusters of white flowers; Philadelphus or Mock Orange, blooms second week of June, height 5 to 10 feet, white flowers with strong sweet odor; Roses; Robinia hispida, blooms from June more or less throughout the summer, rosy pink flowers; Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora, blooms from August to October in white flowers gradually becoming pink, height 6 to 10 ft., and Tamarix pentandra, blooms from July until late summer, flowers small and pinkish in colour, height 4 to 6 ft. A list is also given in the report of eight varieties of single lilacs and seventeen of double. Two fine hardy varieties of lilac that should be in any collection, Mr. Macoun says, are Syringa rothemanniana and S. pubescens.

See adv.

HEINTZMAN PIANO FOR SALE OR RENT. About new. H. H. Humber. Red Deer. Jan. 30.

PURE BREED MAMMOTH BRONZE Turkeys. Toms, \$4; Hens, \$3. Mrs. Allam, R.R. No. 2, Lacombe. Phone 1611. Jan. 23, 2w

FOUND—BY A. MOHRISON. A bunch of keys, Thursday last, on Centre Street east. Owner can have same at this office by paying for this ad. Jan. 30, 1w.

FOR SALE, CHEAP FOR CASH—One 17x22 L.H.G. Hay Baler, horse power—Strong & Parsons, Rocky Mountain House. Jan. 30, 3w.

"LARGE ENGLISH BLACKS." THE coming bacon breed; no sunburn; good runners; one seven months boar for sale. Registered in buyer's name. \$25.00—Steel Bros., R.R.3, Red Deer. Jan. 23, 2w

FOR SALE—FOUR BARRED Plymouth Rock Cockerels, Robert Murray's breeding. Apply to J. Colison, Red Deer. Jan. 23, 3w.

FOR SALE—AN EXTRA QUALITY new Coonskin Coat, costing \$250. Will be sold for \$175, because it is too large for owner. Apply to Box ABC, News Office. Red Deer, Jan. 23, 3w.

TO RENT—47 ACRES ADJOINING West Park, on River. 6 acres under cultivation. 1 1/2 miles from Post Office. Apply to W. A. Cassels, Red Deer. Jan. 15, 4w

NOTICE TO DOG OWNERS.

All owners of dogs must procure licenses for 1924 at once. They may be obtained from the undersigned at any time. A. T. STREATHFIELD, Chief of Police. Jan. 30, 1w.

TENDERS WANTED

Separate tenders will be received by the undersigned for 10 tons of coal, delivered at the Municipal schoolhouse by March 1, and 15 ricks of 16 inch green post oak wood, split and piled in the school yard. Tenders to be in by February 10.

C. J. BACON, Sec'y-Treas., Municipal S.D. No. 22, 4-1, P.O. Box 367, Red Deer.

GEO. SHELINE Buys Beef Hide and Raw Furs. 209-215 Gaetz Ave. North Jan. 8, 5w



WASKASOO LODGE NO. 16.

Every Monday night at 8 p.m. in the Michener Block.

SCORING AVERAGES OF MEMBERS RED DEER TEAM TO DATE

Games	Goals	Assists	Pts.
Dell	10	21	6
Webb	11	22	6
Reid	8	15	6
Malcolm	13	9	18
Carpenter	12	10	11
McBride	6	2	3
Martin	10	2	2

Get it at Best's. Everything for the home.

G.W.V.A. NOTES

The annual election of officers of the Association resulted as follows: President—C. F. Carvill. 1st Vice-President—P. T. Kent. 2nd Vice-President—A. T. Streetfield. Executive—Comrades Haste, Jones, Johnson, Holmes and Leigh.

New Insurance Office

Major Lister Lately with R. B. Welliver, begs to announce that he is opening an Insurance Office and will be located in the John McMillan Jewelry Store on Ross Street. He solicits a share of your patronage.

We are bringing our Farm Listings up-to-date. We would appreciate yours.

Inquiries are now coming in.

If it is INSURANCE

we have it. Service and lowest rates procurable at our Office.

W. J. BOTTERILL

P.O. Box 338 Phone 110

BULLOCK & CALLENDER

FURNITURE EXCHANGE

STORM WINDOWS

We have the following, which are almost new:

1 only, 2 lights, 24 x 36 \$3.00
2 only, 2 lights, 20 x 60 \$3.00
1 only, 4 lights, 28 x 60 \$4.00
1 only, 6 lights, 44 x 60 \$6.00

Baby Sleighs from \$3.00

Baggage

New and Secondhand Furniture

Phone 70 Red Deer

REX THEATRE

Tonight and Thursday

A Treat for Young and Old

"Children of Jazz"

As jazzy as it's title. Yet striking a note of real novelty. Crammed with comedy—yet bound to play on your heart strings!

FRIDAY--SATURDAY

TOM MIX in

'Desert Love'

A Tale of The West

On the same bill

"The Kick Out"

MONDAY--TUESDAY

Here's a Picture. Rex Beach's

'Big Brother'

'Big Brother' has a big theme that digs into your soul. It's thrills rush upon you with bewildering frequency.

Coal Specials

A GOOD NORTH COAL—BIG LUMPS

On car, per ton \$6.00
Delivered, per ton \$6.50

Fine for Furnace or Heater

A Real Cold Weather Coal—NEWCASTLE \$8.50

SAUNDERS, GALT AND MICHEL STEAM

Always on hand

The Atlas Lumber Co.

OFFICE PHONE 81
GEORGE NORRIS, Manager, House Phone 308

RADIO HELPS YOU RADIATE!

It seems as if everybody is getting their entertainment through the air these days. Music, opera, sports, news, markets—listen in on them with a Radio Receiving Set. We have complete sets of all sizes and description, ready to put up or the necessary parts to make your own. It is done easily—come in and get details.

A. B. MITCHELL

PHONE 14 JEWELLER P.O. BOX 490
New location—Next to Bank of Montreal.

HOCKEY

Ogden Hockey Team (CALGARY)

v. Red Deer

At the Red Deer Rink
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2nd

ADMISSION 50c.; Children, 25c.

BIG FIVE LEAGUE

Leduc v. Red Deer

MONDAY, FEBRUARY, 4th, 1924

ADMISSION, 35c; Children 15c.

Farmers!

Stockmen!

This is the time to put your horses in shape for the spring work. If you have any Horses, Cattle, Hogs, or Sheep not doing well, not fattening on their ordinary foods, or if you are feeding them, try a few pounds of

Canadian Ideal Condition Powder

This is a particularly good mixture and has proven to be a wonderful Tonic and Blood Purifier.

Sold in Bulk at 15c per lb., 8lbs. for \$1.00

If you are in doubt regarding the quality or the benefit from this powder, call in and we will give you ONE POUND FREE to try on any animal.

A Full Line of Veterinary Remedies Always in Stock.

PORTER'S PHARMACY

DRUGS BOOKS STATIONERY
Phone 49

THE ORME FUNERAL HOME

FUNERAL DIRECTORS & EMBALMERS

101 MOTOR AMBULANCE PHONE 61 AGENTS FOR CUT FLOWERS & FUNERAL TRUCKS

DAY OR NIGHT 108 THIRD ST. N.E. RED DEER, ALTA.